

Title 10

VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

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Chapter 10.02

DEFINITIONS

Sections:

10.02.010 Definitions.

Section 10.02.010 Definitions.

As used in this title:

1. "Commercial vehicle" means any vehicle or vehicle combination used for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation or profit, or designed or used primarily for the transportation of property for gain or profit.

"Vehicle combination" means any connected assemblage of a motor vehicle and one or more semitrailers, trailers or semitrailers converted to trailers by means of converter gear;

2. "Commission" means the State Tax Commission;

3. "Dealer" means a person regularly engaged in the business of having in his possession vehicles for sale or trade, or for use and operation for purpose pursuant to the business;

4. "Department" means the Department of Revenue and Taxation;

5. "Factory price" means ninety percent of the manufacturer's suggested retail price of the vehicle, when new, including all improvements and modifications attached to the vehicle and all accessories and equipment used with the vehicle during the period for which registration is issued, but excludes federal excise taxes, the cost of transportation from the place of manufacture to the place of sale to the first user, mobile radio telephone equipment leased and nonstandard improvements and modifications necessary to permit operation by or transportation of persons with a mobility handicap as defined in WS 31-2-213(e);

6. "Fleet" means one or more commercial vehicles each of which actually travels a portion of its total miles in Wyoming as designated by the commission;

7. "Gross weight" means the total weight of a vehicle or vehicle combination including the weight of any load carried in or on the vehicle or vehicle combination;

8. "Highway, street, and alley" should all mean the entire width between property lines. When referring to the traveled portion of a highway, street, or alley, use travel way instead of roadway;

9. "Identifying number" means the vehicle identification numbers and letters if any assigned by the manufacturer or by the department for the purpose of identifying a vehicle. The term shall include any numbers or letters assigned by the manufacturer for the purpose of identifying a part of a vehicle and any number placed on a part in accordance with this act or regulations of the commission for the purpose of identifying it;

10. "Implement of husbandry" means sheep wagons, portable livestock loading chutes and every vehicle designed and used exclusively for agricultural operations and only incidentally operated or moved upon the highways but includes a trailer only when being towed by a farm tractor;

11. "Interstate" means the transportation of persons or property between Wyoming and any other jurisdiction;

12. "Intrastate" means the transportation of persons or property between points within Wyoming;

13. "Jurisdiction" means the states, districts, territories or possessions of the United States, a foreign country and a state or province of a foreign country;

14. "Legal owner" means the person in whose name a valid certificate of title has been issued;

15. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle which is self-propelled except vehicles moved solely by human power. The term includes the following vehicles as hereafter defined:

a. "Antique" means any motor vehicle which is at least twenty-five years old and owned

solely as a collectors item,

b. "Bus" means a motor vehicle designed to carry more than ten passengers and primarily used to transport persons for compensation,

c. "Electric Scooter" means a device weighing less than One Hundred Fifty (150) pounds;

i. has handlebars and an electric motor,

ii. is solely powered by motor and/or human power,

iii. has a maximum speed of no more than 20 mph on a paved level surface when powered by the electric motor. Vehicles shall be limited at no less than 15 mph.

d. "Moped" means a vehicle equipped with two or three wheels, foot pedals to permit muscular propulsion by human power, an automatic transmission and a motor with cylinder capacity not exceeding fifty cubic centimeters producing no more than two brake horsepower, which motor is capable of propelling the vehicle at a maximum speed of no more than thirty miles per hour on a level road surface,

e. "Motor home" means a motor vehicle designed, constructed and equipped as a dwelling place, living abode or sleeping place either permanently or temporarily, but excluding a motor vehicle carrying a camper,

f. "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground but which may have attached thereto a sidecar for the purpose of transporting a single passenger. For the purpose of registration and titling "motorcycle" includes motorized bicycles, scooters and recreational vehicles primarily designed for off-road use and designed to be ridden astride upon a seat or saddle and to travel on four wheels, but excludes mopeds and off-road recreational vehicles as defined in subdivision k of this subsection,

g. "Passenger car" means a motor vehicle designed to carry ten persons or less and primarily used to transport persons, including ambulances and hearses but excluding motorcycles, motor homes and school buses,

h. "Pedestrian vehicle" means any self-propelled conveyance designed, manufactured and intended for the exclusive use of persons with a physical disability, but in no case shall a pedestrian vehicle:

i. Exceed forty-eight inches in width,

ii. Produce in excess of twelve brake horsepower,

iii. Be capable of developing a speed in excess of twenty-five miles per hour,

i. "School bus" means a motor vehicle that is owned by or leased to or registered to a public school district or operated with public tax dollars and is used to transport children to or from school or operated with public tax dollars in connection with school activities and is designed for and capable of carrying twelve or more passengers, but not including buses operated by common carriers in transportation of school children or buses owned by a community college or the University of Wyoming,

j. "Truck" means a motor vehicle designed, or used or maintained for the transportation of property, including pickup trucks,

k. "Off-road recreational vehicle" means a recreational vehicle primarily designed for off-road use which is fifty inches or less in width, has an unladen weight of six hundred pounds or less and is designed to be ridden astride upon a seat or saddle and to travel on three or more low pressure tires. A "low pressure tire" is a pneumatic tire at least six inches in width, designed for use on wheels with a rim diameter of twelve inches or less and having a manufacturer's recommended operating pressure of ten pounds per square inch or less.

16. "Nonresident" means a person not a resident;

17. "Odometer" means an instrument for measuring and recording the actual distance a motor vehicle travels while in operation, other than any auxiliary odometer designed to be reset by the operator of the motor vehicle for the purpose of recording mileage on trips;

18. "Owner" means: The legal owner, or a person, other than a lien holder, having the property in or title to a vehicle including a person entitled to use and possession of a vehicle subject to a

security interest in another person but excluding a lessee under a lease not intended as security;

19. "Physical disability" as defined by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) are those that have physical impairment, or a record of physical impairment that would create a substantial limitation of a major live activity.

20. "Rental vehicle" means a vehicle which is rented or offered for rental without a driver;

21. "Resident" means:

a. Any person, except a full-time student at the University of Wyoming or a Wyoming community college, who owns, leases or rents a place of residence within Wyoming and who, regardless of domicile, remains in the jurisdiction for a period of one hundred twenty days or more, or

b. Any person, other than a daily commuter from another jurisdiction which exempts vehicles of daily commuters from Wyoming from registration under a reciprocity agreement or a full-time student at the University of Wyoming or a Wyoming community college, who is gainfully employed in Wyoming, or

c. Any individual, partnership, company, firm, corporation or association which operates motor vehicles in intrastate haulage in Wyoming;

22. "This act" means Rawlins Municipal Code Title 10;

23. "Trailer" means a vehicle without propelling power designed to be drawn by a motor vehicle, but excludes converter gear, dollies and connecting mechanisms. The term includes the following vehicles as hereafter defined:

a. "House trailer" means every trailer which is:

i. Designed, constructed and equipped as a dwelling place, living abode or sleeping place, either permanently or temporarily,

ii. Equipped for use as a conveyance on streets and highways, and

iii. Eight and one-half feet or less in width, or more than eight and one-half feet in width and used primarily as a mobile laboratory or mobile office.

b. "Semitrailer" means a trailer so designed and used in conjunction with a motor vehicle that some part of its weight and that of its load rests upon or is carried by another vehicle, but excludes converter gear, dollies and connecting mechanisms;

c. "Utility trailer" means any trailer less than six thousand pounds unladen weight;

24. "Transportable home" means:

a. A modular home,

b. A pre-built home, or

c. A unit more than eight and one-half feet in width which is designed, constructed and equipped as a dwelling place, living abode or place of business to which wheels may be attached for movement upon streets and highways except a unit used primarily as a mobile laboratory or mobile office;

25. "Unladen weight" means the actual weight of a vehicle including the cab, body and all accessories with which the vehicle is equipped for normal use on the highways excluding the weight of any load. The unladen weight of vehicles mounted with machinery or equipment not normally designed for the vehicle and not used for the transportation of property other than the machinery or equipment is three-fourths of the gross weight of the vehicle;

26. "Vehicle" means a device in, upon or by which any person or property may be transported or drawn upon a highway, excluding devices moved by human power or used exclusively upon rails or tracks, implements of husbandry, machinery used in construction work not mainly used for the transportation of property over highways and pedestrian vehicles while operated by a person who by reason of a physical disability is otherwise unable to move about as a pedestrian;

27. "Vehicle identification number or VIN" means the numbers and letters, if any, designated by the department for the purpose of identifying the vehicle or the unique identifier assigned to each vehicle by the manufacturer pursuant to regulations. (Ord. 02-00 Ord.2-88§ 2)

(Manual, Amended, 02/01/2000)

Chapter 10.03

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sections:

- 10.03.010 Statutes adopted.**
- 10.03.020 Applicability.**
- 10.03.030 Property rights not abridged.**
- 10.03.040 Barrier compliance required.**
- 10.03.050 Obstructing driver's view or control.**
- 10.03.060 Operator age limit.**
- 10.03.070 Vehicle Unattended**

Section 10.03.010 Statutes adopted.

There is adopted by reference for the purpose of regulating traffic on the streets and highways of the city, Chapter 5 of Title 31 of the Wyoming Statutes entitled "Uniform Act Regulating Traffic of Highways," including all of Sections 31-5-101 through 31-5-1305 as the same statutes now exist and as they are amended in the future. (Ord.02-00 Ord. 7-86: Ord. 6-85: Ord. 5-82 § 1: Ord. 8E-78: prior code § 16-1)

Section 10.03.020 Applicability.

The provisions of this title relating to vehicles refers exclusively to the operation or control of vehicles upon any street, alley, roadway, highway or other public or private place open or held out to the public for vehicular traffic or purposes which is within the jurisdictional limits of the city. (Ord. 12-79 § 1: Ord. 8a-76 § 1: prior code § 16-2)

Section 10.03.030 Property rights not abridged.

Nothing in this title shall be construed to prevent the owner of real property used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel by permission of the owner and not as a matter of right from prohibiting such use, or from requiring other or different or additional conditions than those specified in this title, or otherwise regulating such use as may seem best to the owner. (Prior code § 16-3)

Section 10.03.040 Barrier compliance required.

No vehicle shall drive over any newly made pavement where there is a barrier or sign warning persons not to drive over the pavement, or a sign stating that the street is closed. (Prior code § 16-4)

Section 10.03.050 Obstructing driver's view or control.

A. No person shall drive a vehicle when it is so loaded, or when there are in the front seat such a number of persons, exceeding three, as to obstruct the view of the driver to the front or sides of the vehicle or as to interfere with the driver's control over the driving mechanism of the vehicle.

B. No passenger in a vehicle shall ride in such position as to interfere with the driver's view ahead or to the sides, or to interfere with his control over the driving mechanism of the vehicle. (Prior code § 16-5)

Section 10.03.060 Operator age limit.

It is unlawful for any person under the age of fifteen years of age to operate a motor vehicle, and any owner, dealer or manufacturer who permits a person under fifteen years of age to operate a motor vehicle shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. (Prior code § 16-7)

Section 10.03.070 Vehicle Unattended

No person driving or in charge of a motor vehicle shall permit it to stand unattended without first stopping the engine, locking the ignition, removing the key from the ignition, effectively setting the brake thereon and, when standing upon any grade, turning the front wheels to the curb or side of the highway. Upon report of a vehicle running while unattended the police shall investigate and the person owning or in charge of the vehicle shall have five minutes from the time of the police arrival to shut off or move the vehicle. If after five minutes the vehicle has not been shut off or moved, a misdemeanor citation may be issued for violation of this section. No vehicle, even attended, shall remain idling while parked for more than 20 minutes. Any vehicle found in violation of this section may be towed at owner's expense. Upon repeat calls to the same property or for the same vehicle the police may immediately write a citation without waiting the five minutes.

Exceptions:

- A. During times when the highways, either in or out of Rawlins, are closed this section shall not apply. (Ord. 2-00)
- B. Any Commercial vehicle equipped with an Auxiliary Power Unit (APU).

(Manual, Added, 04/05/2000) (Ord 04-2019, Amended 4/16/2019)

Chapter 10.06

ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

Sections:

10.06.010	Repealed
10.06.020	Enforcement duties.
10.06.030	Violation records.
10.06.040	Urban Systems Committee
10.06.050	Emergency and experimental regulations authorized.
10.06.060	Police and fire department authority.
10.06.070	Compliance required.
10.06.080	Compliance with officers required.
10.06.090	Nonmotorized vehicle compliance.
10.06.100	Government officer compliance required.

Section 10.06.010 **Repealed**

(Manual, Amended, 04/21/2000)

Section 10.06.020 **Enforcement duties.**

It shall be the duty of the police department to enforce the street traffic regulations of this city and all of the state vehicle laws, to make arrests for traffic violations, to investigate accidents and to cooperate with the city engineer and other officers of the city in the administration of the traffic laws and in developing ways and means to improve traffic conditions, and to carry out those duties specifically imposed upon the division by this title and the traffic ordinances of this city. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-9)

(Manual, Amended, 04/21/2000)

Section 10.06.030 **Violation records.**

A. The police department shall keep a record of all violations of the traffic ordinances of this city or of the state vehicle laws of which any person has been charged, together with a record of the final disposition of all such alleged offenses. The record shall be so maintained as to show all types of violations and the total of each. The record shall accumulate during at least a five-year period and from that time on the record shall be maintained complete for at least the most recent five-year period.

B. All forms for records of violations and notices of violations shall be serially numbered. For each month and year a written record shall be kept available to the public showing the disposal of the forms.

C. All such records and reports shall be public records. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-10)

(Manual, Amended, 04/21/2000)

Section 10.06.040 **Urban Systems Committee**

Urban Systems Committee Traffic issues and proposed changes are to be submitted to the Urban Systems Committee for review and recommendations. If a proposed traffic change requires an engineering study under the MUTCD (Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices) criteria, then a traffic study should be recommended by the Urban Systems Committee to the City Council. (Ord 2-00) (Prior code § 16-20)

(Manual, Amended, 04/05/2000)

Section 10.06.050 Emergency and experimental regulations authorized.

A. The chief of police by and with the approval of the city engineer is empowered to make regulations necessary to make and enforce temporary or experimental regulations to cover emergencies or special conditions. No such temporary or experimental regulation shall remain in effect for more than ninety days.

B. The city engineer may test traffic-control devices under actual conditions of traffic.(Ord 2-00)(Prior code § 16-21)
(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007)

Section 10.06.060 Police and fire department authority.

A. It shall be the duty of the officers of the police department or such officers as are assigned by the chief of police to enforce all street traffic laws of this city and all of the state vehicle laws.

B. Officers of the police department or such officers as are assigned by the chief of police are authorized to direct all traffic by voice, hand or signal in conformance with traffic laws; provided, that in the event of a fire or other emergency or to expedite traffic or to safeguard pedestrians, officers of the police department may direct traffic as conditions may require notwithstanding the provisions of the traffic laws.

C. Officers of the fire department, when at the scene of a fire, may direct or assist the police in directing traffic at the scene or in the immediate vicinity. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-32)

Section 10.06.070 Compliance required.

It is unlawful and a misdemeanor for any person to do any act forbidden or fail to perform any act required in this title. (Prior code § 16-33)

Section 10.06.080 Compliance with officers required.

No person shall willfully fail or refuse to comply with any lawful order or direction of any police officer invested by law with authority to direct, control or regulate traffic. (Ord. 1-78 § 1: prior code § 16-34)

Section 10.06.090 Nonmotorized vehicle compliance.

Every person riding an animal or driving any animal-drawn vehicle upon a roadway shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the drive of a vehicle by this chapter, except those provisions of this title which by their very nature can have no application.(Ord. 2-00) (Prior code § 16-35)

Section 10.06.100 Government officer compliance required.

A. The provisions of this title applicable to the drivers of vehicles upon the highways shall apply to the drivers of all vehicles owned and operated by the United States, this state, or any county, city, town, district or any other political subdivision of the state, except as provided in this section and subject to such specific exceptions as are set forth in this title with reference to authorized emergency vehicles.

B. Unless specifically made applicable, the provisions of this title shall not apply to persons,

teams, motor vehicles and other equipment while actually engaged in the work upon a highway, but shall apply to such persons and vehicles when traveling to or from such work. (Prior code § 16-36)

Chapter 10.09

ACCIDENT REPORTS

Sections:

- 10.09.010** Accident report required.
- 10.09.020** Investigation.
- 10.09.030** Written report.
- 10.09.040** Driver unable to report.
- 10.09.050** Report filing system.
- 10.09.060** Driver files.
- 10.09.070** Accident studies.
- 10.09.080** Annual report.

Section 10.09.010 Accident report required.

In the event of an accident to or collision with a person or property (within the municipal limits) due to the driving or operation of one or more vehicles, the driver of each vehicle involved shall immediately stop, give such assistance as is reasonable, and provide his name and address to any other involved person, or any other person owning any involved property, if reasonably ascertainable, and shall immediately report the accident or collision to the police department, if physically capable of such. (Ord. 1A-90; Ord. 6-89; prior code § 16-11)

Section 10.09.020 Investigation.

It shall be the duty of the police department, to investigate traffic accidents, to arrest and assist in the prosecution of those persons charged with violations of law causing or contributing to such accidents.(Ord. 2-00) (Prior code § 16-12)

Section 10.09.030 Written report.

The driver of a vehicle which is in any manner involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to or death of any person or total damage to all property to an apparent extent of one thousand dollars or more shall within ten days after the accident forward to the police department a written report of the accident or a copy of the report filed with the State Highway Department. (Ord. 2-00) (Prior code § 16-13)

Section 10.09.040 Driver unable to report.

Whenever the driver is physically incapable of making a written report of an accident as required in Section 10.09.030 and the driver is not the owner of the vehicle, then the owner of the vehicle involved in the accident shall within ten days after the accident make the report not made by the driver. (Prior code § 16-14)

Section 10.09.050 Report filing system.

The police department shall maintain a suitable system of filing traffic accident reports. Accident reports or cards referring to them shall be filed alphabetically by location. The reports shall be available for the use and information of the city engineer. (Ord. 2-00)(Prior code § 16-15)

Section 10.09.060 Driver files.

A. The police department shall maintain a suitable record of all traffic accidents, warnings, arrests, convictions and complaints reported for each driver which shall be filed alphabetically under the name of the driver concerned.

B. The department shall study the cases of all such drivers charged with frequent or serious violations of the traffic laws or involved in frequent traffic accidents or any serious accidents and report such information to the Department of Motor Vehicles or other appropriate state agencies.

C. The records shall accumulate during at least a five-year period and from that time on the records shall be maintained complete for at least the most recent five-year period.(Ord. 2-00) (Prior code § 16-17)

Section 10.09.070 Accident studies.

Whenever the accidents at any particular location become numerous, the police department shall cooperate with the city engineer in conducting studies of the accidents and determining remedial measures. (Ord. 2-00)(Prior code § 16-16)

Section 10.09.080 Annual report.

The police department shall annually prepare a traffic report which shall be filed with the City Manager. The report shall contain information on traffic matters in this city as follows:

A. The number of traffic accidents, the number of persons killed, the number of persons injured, and other pertinent traffic accident data;

B. The number of traffic accidents investigated and other pertinent data on the safety activities of the police;

C. The plans and recommendations of the division for future traffic safety activities.(Ord. 2-00) (Prior code § 16-18)

Chapter 10.12

CITATIONS AND ARREST PROCEDURES

Sections:

10.12.010	Parties to a crime.
10.12.020	Permitting unlawful operation.
10.12.030	Schedule of fines designation.
10.12.040	Trial in lieu of fine.
10.12.050	Forms and records.
10.12.060	Notice to appear in court.
10.12.070	Failure to obey citation.
10.12.080	Appearance by counsel.
10.12.090	Citation form.
10.12.100	Citation book issuance.
10.12.110	Citation disposition and records.
10.12.120	Citation deemed complaint when.
10.12.130	Illegal parking--Citation.
10.12.140	Illegal parking--Failure to comply with citation.
10.12.150	Illegal parking--Presumption of liability.
10.12.160	Arrest warrant authorized.
10.12.170	Illegal parking--Impoundment authorized.

Section 10.12.010 Parties to a crime.

Every person who commits, attempts to commit, conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of any act declared in this title to be a crime, whether individually or in connection with one or more other persons or as a principal, agent or accessory, shall be guilty of the offense, and every person who falsely, fraudulently, forcibly or willfully induces, causes, coerces, requires, permits or directs another to violate any provisions of this title is likewise guilty of the offense. (Prior code § 16-50)

Section 10.12.020 Permitting unlawful operation.

It is unlawful for the owner, or any other person, employing or otherwise directing the driver of any vehicle to require or knowingly to permit the operation of the vehicle upon a highway in a manner contrary to law. (Prior code § 16-51)

Section 10.12.030 Schedule of fines designation.

The municipal judge shall designate the specified offenses under this title and other traffic ordinances of the city in respect to which payment of fines may be accepted by the municipal clerk in satisfaction thereof, and shall specify, by suitable schedules, the amount of the fines for first, second and subsequent offenses; provided, such fines are within the limits declared by law or ordinance, and shall further specify what number of the offenses shall require appearance before the municipal judge.(Ord. 2-00) (Prior code § 16-52)

Section 10.12.040 Trial in lieu of fine.

A. Any person charged with an offense for which payment of a fine may be made to the municipal clerk shall have the option of paying the fine within the time specified in the notice of

arrest to the municipal clerk, upon entering a plea of guilty and upon waiving appearance in court, or may have the option of depositing required lawful bail and upon a plea of not guilty shall be entitled to a trial as authorized by law.

B. The payment of a fine to the municipal clerk shall be deemed an acknowledgment of conviction of the alleged offense, and the municipal clerk, upon accepting the prescribed fine, shall issue a receipt to the violator acknowledging payment thereof. (Ord. 2-00)(Prior code § 16-53)

Section 10.12.050 Forms and records.

A. The police department shall provide books to include state traffic citation forms for notifying alleged violators to appear and answer to charges of violating traffic laws and ordinances in the municipal court of this city.

B. The chief of police shall be responsible for the issuance of the books to individual members of the police department. The chief of police shall require a written receipt for every book so issued and shall maintain a record of every such book and each set of citations contained therein.(Ord 2-00)(Prior code § 16-54)

Section 10.12.060 Notice to appear in court.

A. Whenever a person is arrested for any violation of this chapter punishable as a misdemeanor, and the person is not immediately taken before the municipal judge, the arresting officer shall prepare in triplicate written notice to appear in court containing the name and address of the person, the license number of his vehicle, if any, the offense charged, and the time and place when and where the person shall appear in court.

B. The time specified in the notice to appear must be at least three days after the arrest unless the person arrested demands an earlier hearing.

C. The place specified in the notice to appear must be before the municipal judge in which the offense charged is alleged to have been committed and who has jurisdiction of such offense.

D. The arrested person, in order to secure release as provided in this section, must give his written promise so to appear in court by signing at least one copy of the written notice prepared by the arresting officer. The officer shall deliver one copy of the notice to the person promising to appear. Thereupon the officer shall forthwith release the person arrested from custody. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-55)

(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.12.070 Failure to obey citation.

It is unlawful for any person to violate his written promise to appear given to an officer upon the issuance of a traffic citation regardless of the disposition of the charge for which the citation was originally issued. (Prior code § 16-56)

Section 10.12.080 Appearance by counsel.

A written promise to appear in court may be complied with by an appearance by counsel. (Prior code § 16-57)

Section 10.12.090 Citation form.

The city shall provide in appropriate form traffic citations. (Ord.02-00 Prior code § 16-58)

Section 10.12.100 Citation book issuance.

The chief administrative officer of the police department shall be responsible for the issuance of citation books, and shall maintain a record of every such book and each citation contained therein issued, to individual members of the police department and shall require and retain a receipt for every book so issued. (Prior code § 16-59)

Section 10.12.110 Citation disposition and records.

A. Every traffic enforcement officer upon issuing a traffic citation to an alleged violator of any traffic ordinance of the city shall deposit the original or a copy of the traffic citation with a court having jurisdiction over the alleged offense.

B. Upon the deposit of the original or a copy of the traffic citation with a court having jurisdiction over the alleged offense as set out in subsection A of this section, the original or copy of the traffic citation may be disposed of only by trial in the court or other official action by a judge of the court, including forfeiture of the bail, or by the deposit of sufficient bail with or payment of a fine to the municipal court by the person to whom the traffic citation has been issued by the traffic enforcement officer.

C. It is unlawful and official misconduct for any traffic enforcement officer or other officer or public employee to dispose of a traffic citation or copies thereof or of the record of the issuance of the same in a manner other than as required in this section.

D. The chief administrative officer of the police department shall require the return to him of a copy of every traffic citation issued by an officer under his supervision to an alleged violator of any traffic law or ordinance and all copies of every traffic citation which has been spoiled or upon which any entry has been made and not issued to an alleged violator.

E. The chief administrator shall also maintain or cause to be maintained in connection with every traffic citation issued by an officer under his supervision a record of the disposition of the charge by the police department in which the original or copy of the traffic citation was deposited. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-60)

Section 10.12.120 Citation deemed complaint when.

In the event the form of citation provided under Section 10.12.090 includes information and is sworn to as required under the general laws of this state in respect to a complaint charging commission of the offense alleged in the citation to have been committed, then the citation when filed with the municipal judge shall be deemed to be a lawful complaint for the purpose of prosecution under any motor vehicle ordinances of the city. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-61)

Section 10.12.130 Illegal parking--Citation.

Whenever any motor vehicle without driver is found parked, standing or stopped in violation of any of the restrictions imposed by ordinance of this city or by state law, the officer finding the vehicle shall take its registration number and may take any other information displayed on the vehicle which may identify its user, and shall conspicuously affix to the vehicle a traffic citation, on a form provided by the chief of police for the driver to answer to the charge against him within five days during the hours and at a place specified in the citation. (Prior code § 16-62)

Section 10.12.140 Illegal parking--Failure to comply with citation.

If a violator of the restrictions on stopping, standing or parking under the traffic laws or ordinances does not appear in response to a traffic citation affixed to the motor vehicle within a period of five days the chief of police shall send to the owner of the motor vehicle to which the traffic citation was affixed a letter informing him of the violation and warning him that in the event the letter is disregarded for a period of five days a warrant of arrest will be issued. (Prior code § 16-63)

Section 10.12.150 Illegal parking--Presumption of liability.

A. In any prosecution charging a violation of any law or regulation governing the standing or parking of a vehicle, proof that the particular vehicle described in the complaint was parked in violation of the law or regulation, together with proof that the defendant named in the complaint was at the time of the parking the registered owner of the vehicle, shall constitute in evidence a prima facie presumption that the registered owner of the vehicle was the person who parked or placed the vehicle at the point where, and for the time during which, the violation occurred.

B. The foregoing stated presumption shall apply only when the procedure as prescribed in Section 10.12.130 and Section 10.12.140 has been followed. (Prior code § 16-64)

Section 10.12.160 Arrest warrant authorized.

In the event any person fails to comply with a traffic citation given to the person or attached to a vehicle or fails to make appearance pursuant to a summons directing an appearance in the traffic court, or if any person fails or refuses to deposit bail as required and within the time permitted by ordinance, the municipal court shall secure and issue a warrant for his arrest. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-65)

Section 10.12.170 Illegal parking--Impoundment authorized.

A. Any vehicle found parked in any unauthorized place or in violation of this code or any other ordinance of the city and any vehicle to which have been attached or against which have been issued five or more tickets for illegal, improper or overtime parking, which tickets remain unpaid, may be towed to any garage in the city. The owner of the vehicle shall be required to pay all charges of towing and storage incurred thereby in addition to any penalties imposed for violation of this code or any other ordinances of the city.

B. When authorized by this code or the laws of this state, members of the police department may remove a vehicle from a street or highway to the nearest garage or other place of safety, or to a garage designated or maintained by the police department, or otherwise maintained by this city.

C. Whenever an officer removes a vehicle from a street as authorized in this section and the officer knows or is able to ascertain from the registration records in the vehicle the name and address of the owner thereof, the officer shall immediately give or cause to be given notice in writing to the owner of the fact of the removal and the reasons therefor and of the place to which the vehicle has been removed. In the event any such vehicle is stored in a public garage, a copy of the notice shall be given to the proprietor of the garage.

D. Whenever an officer removes a vehicle from a street under this section and does not know and is not able to ascertain the name of the owner, or for any other reason is unable to give the notice to the owner as provided in this section, and in the event the vehicle is not returned to the owner within a period of three days, then and in that event the officer shall immediately send or cause to be sent a written report of the removal by mail to the state department whose duty it is to register motor vehicles, and shall file a copy of the notice with the proprietor of any public garage in which the vehicle may be stored. The notice shall include a complete description of the vehicle,

the date, time and place from which removed, the reasons for the removal, and the name of the garage or place where the vehicle is stored. (Prior code § 16-66)

Chapter 10.15

DRIVERS' LICENSES

Sections:

- 10.15.010** Required to drive vehicle.
- 10.15.020** Required to steer towed vehicle.
- 10.15.030** Exemptions.
- 10.15.040** Permitting violations.
- 10.15.050** Permitting minors to drive.
- 10.15.060** Driving while license suspended or revoked.
- 10.15.065** Unlawful uses of driver's licenses.
- 10.15.070** Failure to maintain liability coverage.

Section 10.15.010 Required to drive vehicle.

A. No person, unless exempt under this chapter or the laws of the state, shall drive, steer or exercise any degree of physical control of any motor vehicle upon any street, alley or road in this city unless the person has a valid driver's license for the type or class of vehicle being driven.

B. No person, unless exempt under this chapter or the laws of the state, shall steer or exercise any degree of physical control of a vehicle being towed by a motor vehicle upon any street, alley or road in this city unless the person has a valid driver's license for the type or class of vehicle being towed.

C. No person shall be in possession of more than one valid driver's license at a time.

D. No person shall operate a motor vehicle beyond or outside any conditions or restrictions which have been applied to a valid driver's license by the licensing authority. (Ord. 8-90: prior code § 16-96)

Section 10.15.020 Required to steer towed vehicle.

No person, except those expressly exempted in this chapter, shall steer or, while at the passenger compartment of the vehicle, exercise any degree of physical control of a vehicle being towed by a motor vehicle upon any street or alley within the city unless the person has a valid driver's license under the provisions of the State Driver's License Act for the type or class of vehicle being towed. (Prior code § 16-97)

Section 10.15.030 Exemptions.

The following persons are exempt from the provisions of this chapter:

A. Any employee of the United States government while operating a motor vehicle owned by or leased to the United States government and being operated on official business, unless the employee is required by the United States government or any agency thereof to have a state driver's license;

B. A nonresident who is at least sixteen years of age and who has in his immediate possession a valid license issued to him in his state or country of residence;

C. A nonresident on active duty in the armed forces of the United States who has a valid license issued by his state of residence and the nonresident's spouse or dependent son or daughter who has a valid license issued by the person's state of residence;

D. Any person on active duty in the armed forces of the United States who has in his immediate possession a valid license issued in a foreign country by the armed forces of the United States may operate a motor vehicle in this state for a period of not more than forty-five days from

the date of his return to the United States. (Prior code § 16-98)

Section 10.15.040 Permitting violations.

No person shall authorize or knowingly permit a motor vehicle owned by him or under his control to be driven or towed upon any street or alley within the city by any person who is not licensed for the type and class of vehicles to be driven or is in violation of any of the provisions of the State Driver's License Act. (Prior code § 16-99)

Section 10.15.050 Permitting minors to drive.

No person shall cause or knowingly permit any minor under the age of eighteen years to drive a motor vehicle upon any street or alley within the city when the minor is not properly licensed under the provisions of the State Driver's License Act. (Prior code § 16-100)

Section 10.15.060 Driving while license suspended or revoked.

It is unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle on any street or alley within the city at a time when his privilege to do so has been canceled, suspended or revoked by any authority. (Ord.02-00 Ord. 12-77 § 1: prior code § 16-101)

Section 10.15.065 Unlawful uses of driver's licenses.

It is an unlawful use of a driver's license and a violation of this code, with penalty under Section 1.08.010, for any person to:

- A. Display, or permit to be displayed, or have possession of any cancelled, revoked, suspended, fictitious or fraudulently altered driver's license;
- B. Lend a driver's license to any other person, or knowingly permit its use by another;
- C. Display or represent as one's own any driver's license not issued to such person; or
- D. Permit any unlawful use of a driver's license issued to such person. (Ord. 8B-90)

Section 10.15.070 Failure to maintain liability coverage.

No owner of a motor vehicle currently required to be registered or which is to be registered within a period of time, shall operate or permit the operation of his motor vehicle without having in full force and effect a motor vehicle liability policy as required by W.S. §31-4-103 (a), as may be amended from time to time. (Ord. 11A-85) (Ord. 09-2006, Amended, 09/05/2006)(Ord.5-2023,Amended, 5/6/2023)

Chapter 10.18

TRAFFIC-CONTROL DEVICES

Sections:

10.18.010	Manual adopted.
10.18.020	Installation authorized.
10.18.030	Manual compliance.
10.18.040	Device compliance required.
10.18.050	Devices required for enforcement.
10.18.060	Authorized placement presumed.
10.18.070	Unauthorized display prohibited.
10.18.080	Interference prohibited.
10.18.090	Signal legend.
10.18.100	Pedestrian signals.
10.18.110	Flashing signals.
10.18.120	Repealed
10.18.130	Repealed
10.18.140	Crosswalks and safety zones.
10.18.150	Traffic lane marking.
10.18.160	School zones.
10.18.170	Quiet zones.

Section 10.18.010 Manual adopted.

The National Traffic Safety Commission's "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (MUTCD) established and amended from time to time, is adopted by the city as its official manual on uniform traffic-control devices, and shall become effective and be implemented upon passage of the ordinance codified in this section. (Ord. 9B-79)

Section 10.18.020 Installation authorized.

The Public Works Director shall place and maintain official traffic-control devices. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-144)

Section 10.18.030 Manual compliance.

All traffic-control signs, signals and devices shall conform to the MUTCD manual and specifications approved by the State Highway Commission. All signs and signals required under this chapter for a particular purpose shall so far as practicable be uniform as to type and location throughout the city. All traffic-control devices so erected and not inconsistent with the provisions of state law or this title shall be official traffic-control devices. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-145)

Section 10.18.040 Device compliance required.

The driver of any vehicle shall obey the instructions of any official traffic-control device applicable thereto placed in accordance with the provisions of this title, unless otherwise directed by a traffic or police officer, subject to the exceptions granted the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle. (Prior code § 16-146)

Section 10.18.050 Devices required for enforcement.

No provision of this title for which official traffic-control devices are required shall be enforced against an alleged violator if at the time and place of the alleged violation an official device is not in proper position and sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily observant person. Whenever a particular section does not state that official traffic-control devices are required, the section shall be effective even though no devices are erected or in place. (Prior code § 16-147)

Section 10.18.060 Authorized placement presumed.

A. Whenever official traffic-control devices are placed in position approximately conforming to the requirements of this title, such devices shall be presumed to have been so placed by the official act or direction of lawful authority, unless the contrary is established by competent evidence.

B. Any official traffic-control device placed pursuant to the provisions of this title and purporting to conform to the lawful requirements pertaining to such devices shall be presumed to comply with the requirements of this title, unless the contrary is established by competent evidence. (Prior code § 16-148)

Section 10.18.070 Unauthorized display prohibited.

A. No person shall place, maintain or display upon or in view of any highway any unauthorized sign, signal, marking or device which purports to be or is an imitation of or resembles an official traffic-control device or railroad sign or signal, or which attempts to direct the movement of traffic or which hides from view or interferes with the effectiveness of any official traffic-control device or any railroad sign or signal.

B. No person shall place or maintain nor shall any public authority permit upon any highway any traffic sign or signal bearing thereon any commercial advertising.

C. This section shall not be deemed to prohibit the erection upon private property adjacent to a highway of signs giving useful directional information and of a type that cannot be mistaken for official signs.

D. Every such prohibited sign, signal or marking is declared to be a public nuisance and the authority having jurisdiction over the highway is empowered to remove the sign or cause it to be removed without notice. (Prior code § 16-149)

Section 10.18.080 Interference prohibited.

No person shall, without lawful authority, attempt to or in fact alter, deface, injure, knock down or remove any official traffic-control device or any railroad sign or signal or any inscription, shield or insignia thereon, or any other part thereof. (Prior code § 16-150)

Section 10.18.090 Signal legend.

Whenever traffic is controlled by traffic-control signals exhibiting the words "Go," or "Stop," or exhibiting different colored lights successively one at a time, or with arrows, the following colors only shall be used and the terms and lights shall indicate and apply to drivers of vehicles and pedestrians as follows:

A. Green Alone or "Go."

1. Vehicular traffic facing the signal may proceed straight through or turn right or left unless a sign at such place prohibits either such turn. But vehicular traffic, including turning right or left, shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or

an adjacent crosswalk at the time the signal is exhibited.

2. Pedestrians facing the signal may proceed across the roadway within any marked or unmarked crosswalk.

B. Yellow Alone or "Caution" When Shown Following the Green or "Go" Signal.

1. Vehicular traffic facing the signal is thereby warned that the red or "Stop" signal will be exhibited immediately thereafter and the vehicular traffic shall not enter or be crossing the intersection when the red or "Stop" signal is exhibited.

2. Pedestrians facing the signal are thereby advised that there is insufficient time to cross the roadway, and any pedestrian then starting to cross shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles.

C. Red Alone or "Stop."

1. Vehicular traffic facing the signal shall stop before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection or, if none, then before entering the intersection and shall remain standing until green or "Go" is shown alone.

2. No pedestrian facing the signal shall enter the roadway.

D. Red with Green Arrow.

1. Vehicular traffic facing such signal may cautiously enter the intersection only to make the movement indicated by the arrow but shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians lawfully within a crosswalk and to other traffic lawfully using the intersection.

2. No pedestrian facing such signal shall enter the roadway unless he can do so safely and without interfering with any vehicular traffic.

E. Signals at Places Other Than Intersections. In the event an official traffic-control signal is erected and maintained at a place other than an intersection, the provisions of this section shall be applicable except as to those provisions which by their nature can have no application. Any stop required shall be made at a sign or marking on the pavement indicating where the stop shall be made at the signal. (Prior code § 16-151)

Section 10.18.100 Pedestrian signals.

Whenever special pedestrian-control signals exhibiting the words "Walk" or "Wait" or "Don't Walk" are in place, the signals shall indicate as follows:

A. Walk. Pedestrians facing such signal may proceed across the roadway in the direction of the signal and shall be given the right-of-way by the drivers of all vehicles.

B. Wait or Don't Walk. No pedestrian shall start to cross the roadway in the direction of the signal, but any pedestrian who has partially completed his crossing on the walk signal shall proceed to a sidewalk or safety island while the wait signal is showing. (Prior code § 16-152)

Section 10.18.110 Flashing signals.

A. Whenever an illuminated flashing red or yellow signal is used in a traffic sign or signal it shall require obedience by vehicular traffic as follows:

1. Flashing Red (Stop Signal). When a red lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles shall stop before entering the nearest crosswalk at an intersection or at a limit line when marked or, if none, then before entering the intersection, and the right to proceed shall be subject to the rules applicable after making a stop at a stop sign.

2. Flashing Yellow (Caution Signal). When a yellow lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles may proceed through the intersection or past the signal only with caution.

B. This section shall not apply at railroad grade crossings. Conduct of drivers of vehicles approaching railroad grade crossings shall be governed by the rules set forth in Section 10.63.020. (Prior code § 16-153)

Section 10.18.120 Repealed

Section 10.18.130 Repealed

Section 10.18.140 Crosswalks and safety zones.

The director of Public Works in cooperation with the city engineer is authorized:

A. To designate and maintain, by appropriate devices, marks or lines upon the surface of the roadway, crosswalks at intersections where in his opinion there is particular danger to pedestrians crossing the roadway, and at such other places as he may deem necessary;

B. To establish safety zones of such kind and character and at such places as he may deem necessary for the protection of pedestrians. (Prior code § 16-156)
(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007)

Section 10.18.150 Traffic lane marking.

The director of public works in cooperation with the city engineer is authorized to mark traffic lanes upon the roadway of any street or highway where a regular alignment of traffic is necessary. (Prior code § 16-157)
(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007)

Section 10.18.160 School zones.

The designation of "school zones" is permanent, without regard for date or time. Every driver of a motor vehicle shall exercise extreme care in approaching and driving through such areas. At those intersections near or in the vicinity of the schools where stop signs are maintained at various hours of the day, it shall be the duty of every driver of a motor vehicle to stop and permit any child to cross, when the child is waiting at the curb or within five feet of the curb. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-158)

Section 10.18.170 Quiet zones.

The Chief of Police is authorized to designate "quiet zones," both temporary and permanent. Every person in charge of a vehicle or motor car shall exercise special care to approach and proceed through quiet zones as noiselessly as possible. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-159)
(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007)

Chapter 10.21

TURNING MOVEMENTS

Sections:

10.21.010	Safety requirements.
10.21.020	Position and methods of turns at intersections.
10.21.030	Course markings authorized.
10.21.040	Restricted turn signs authorized.
10.21.050	No-turn sign obedience.
10.21.060	U-turns restricted.
10.21.070	Right turn on red light.
10.21.080	U-turns on curves or grades.
10.21.090	Signals--Required.
10.21.100	Signals--Methods required.
10.21.110	Signals--Manner designated.

Section 10.21.010 Safety requirements.

No person shall turn a vehicle at an intersection unless the vehicle is in proper position upon the roadway, or turn a vehicle to enter a private road or driveway, or otherwise turn a vehicle from a direct course or move right or left upon a roadway unless and until the movement can be made with reasonable safety. (Prior code § 16-187)

Section 10.21.020 Position and methods of turns at intersections.

The driver of a vehicle intending to turn at an intersection shall do so as follows:

A. Right Turns. Both the approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway.

B. Left Turns on Two-Way Roadways. At any intersection where traffic is permitted to move in both directions on each roadway entering the intersection, an approach for a left turn shall be made in that portion of the right half of the roadway nearest the centerline thereof and by passing to the right of the centerline where it enters an intersection and after entering the intersection the left turn shall be made so as to leave the intersection to the right of the centerline of the roadway being entered. Whenever practicable the left turn shall be made in that portion of the intersection to the left of the center of the intersection.

C. Left Turns on Other Than Two-Way Roadways. At any intersection where traffic is restricted to one direction on one or more of the roadways, the driver of a vehicle intending to turn left at any such intersection shall approach the intersection in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in the direction of travel of the vehicle and after entering the intersection the left turn shall be so made so as to leave the intersection as nearly as practicable in the left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in such direction upon the roadway being entered. (Prior code § 16-188)

Section 10.21.030 Course markings authorized.

The city traffic engineer is authorized to place official traffic-control devices within or adjacent to intersection indicating the course to be traveled by vehicles turning at such intersections, and the course to be traveled as so indicated may conform to or be other than as prescribed by law. (Prior code § 16-189)

Section 10.21.040 Restricted turn signs authorized.

The city traffic engineer is authorized to determine those intersections at which drivers of vehicles shall not make a right, left or U-turn, and shall place proper signs at such intersections. The making of such turns may be prohibited between certain hours of any day and permitted at other hours, in which event they shall be plainly indicated on the signs or they may be removed when the turns are permitted. (Prior code § 16-190)

Section 10.21.050 No-turn sign obedience.

Whenever authorized signs are erected indicating that no right or left or U-turn is permitted, no driver of a vehicle shall disobey the directions of any such sign. (Prior code § 16-191)

Section 10.21.060 U-turns restricted.

The driver of any vehicle shall not turn the vehicle so as to proceed in the opposite direction upon any street in a business district and shall not upon any other street so turn a vehicle unless the movement can be made in safety and without interfering with other traffic. The driver of a vehicle intending to turn to the left within an intersection or into an alley, private road or driveway shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction which is within the intersection or so close thereto as to constitute an immediate hazard. (Prior code § 16-192)

Section 10.21.070 Right turn on red light.

Except when a sign is in place prohibiting a turn, vehicular traffic stopped in the lane nearest the right-hand side of the highway may after giving the signal required by law indicating a right-hand turn, cautiously enter the intersection for the purpose of making a turn to the right, and shall turn so as not to interfere with other traffic nor endanger pedestrians within a crosswalk. (Ord. 8N-83: prior code § 16-193)

Section 10.21.080 U-turns on curves or grades.

No vehicle shall be turned so as to proceed in the opposite direction upon any curve, or upon the approach to or near the crest of a grade, where the vehicle cannot be seen by the driver of any other vehicle approaching from either direction within five hundred feet. (Prior code § 16-194)

Section 10.21.090 Signals--Required.

A. No person shall so turn any vehicle without giving an appropriate signal in the manner provided in this chapter in the event any traffic may be affected by the movement.

B. A signal of intention to turn right or left when required shall be given continuously during not less than the last one hundred feet traveled by the vehicle before turning.

C. No person shall stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a vehicle without first giving an appropriate signal in the manner provided in this chapter to the driver of any vehicle immediately to the rear when there is opportunity to give the signal. (Prior code § 16-195)

Section 10.21.100 Signals--Methods required.

A. Any stop or turn signal when required in this chapter shall be given either by means of the hand and arm or by a signal lamp or lamps or mechanical signal device, except as otherwise

provided in subsection B of this section.

B. Any motor vehicle in use on a highway shall be equipped with, and required signal shall be given by, a signal lamp or lamps or mechanical signal device when the distance from the center of the top of the steering post to the rear limit of the body or load thereof exceeds fourteen feet. The latter measurement shall apply to any single vehicle, also to any combination of vehicles. (Prior code § 16-196)

Section 10.21.110 Signals--Manner designated.

All signals required in this chapter given by hand and arm shall be given from the left side of the vehicle in the following manner and such signals shall indicate as follows:

- A. Left Turn. Hand and arm extended horizontally.
- B. Right Turn. Hand and arm extended upward.
- C. Stop and Decrease Speed. Hand and arm extended downward. (Prior code § 16-197)

Chapter 10.24
SPEED LIMITS

Sections:

- 10.24.010** **State speed laws applicable.**
- 10.24.020** **Repealed**
- 10.24.030** **Repealed**
- 10.24.040** **Regulation by signals.**
- 10.24.050** **Minimum speed.**
- 10.24.060** **Reasonable and prudent speed.**
- 10.24.070** **Limit specified at special hazards.**
- 10.24.080** **Reduced speed at special hazards.**
- 10.24.090** **Through highways designated.**

Section 10.24.010 **State speed laws applicable.**

The state traffic laws regulating the speed of vehicles shall be applicable upon all streets within this city, except as this chapter, as authorized by state law, declares and determines upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation that certain speed regulations shall be applicable upon specified streets or in certain areas, in which event it shall be unlawful for any person to drive a vehicle at a speed in excess of any speed so declared in this chapter when signs are in place giving notice thereof. (Prior code § 16-171)

Section 10.24.020 **Repealed**

Section 10.24.030 **Repealed**

(Manual, Repealed, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.24.040 **Regulation by signals.**

The city engineer is authorized to regulate the timing of traffic signals so as to permit the movement of traffic in an orderly and safe manner. (Ord.02-00 Prior code 16-174)

Section 10.24.050 **Minimum speed.**

A. No person shall drive a motor vehicle at such a slow speed as to impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic except when reduced speed is necessary for the safe operation or in compliance with law.

B. Whenever the city council determines on the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation that slow speeds on any part of a highway consistently impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic, it may determine and declare a minimum speed limit below which no person shall drive a vehicle except when necessary for safe operation or in compliance with law. (Prior code § 16-175)

Section 10.24.060 **Reasonable and prudent speed.**

No person shall drive a vehicle on a street at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the conditions and having regard to the actual and potential hazards then existing. In every event speed shall be so controlled as may be necessary to avoid colliding with any person, vehicle or other conveyance on or entering the street in compliance with legal requirements and the duty of all persons to use due care. (Ord. 11F-77 § 1(a); prior code § 16-176(a))

Section 10.24.070 Limit specified at special hazards.

Except when a special hazard exists that requires slower speed for compliance with Section 10.24.060, the limits specified in this section, or established as authorized in this chapter, shall be maximum lawful speeds, and no person shall drive a vehicle on a street at a speed in excess of the maximum limits:

A. Twenty (20) miles per hour when passing a school building, or the grounds thereof, or a school crossing if appropriate signs giving notice of that limit are erected (effective July 1, 2002);

B. The speed designated by the Wyoming Department of Transportation upon any through highway, excepting in school zones, or unless otherwise posted;

C. All other streets within the city limits, thirty (30) miles per hour unless otherwise posted. (Ord. 02-00 Ord. 11F-77 § 1(b); prior code § 16-176(b); Ord. No. 03-02, Amended 03/05/02) (Ord. 10.24.070, Amended, 03/05/2002; 10.24.070, Amended, 07/22/2000; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.24.080 Reduced speed at special hazards.

The driver of every vehicle shall, consistent with the requirements of Section 10.24.060, drive at an appropriate reduced speed when approaching and crossing an intersection or railway grade crossing, when approaching and going around a curve, when approaching a hill crest, when traveling upon any narrow or winding roadway, and when special hazard exists with respect to pedestrians or other traffic or by reason of weather or highway conditions. (Ord. 11F-77 § 1(c); prior code § 16-176(c)) (Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.24.090 Through highways designated.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following streets and/or highways in the city are declared a through highway and/or through street:

A. From the U.S. Highway 287 bypass on U.S. Highway 30-Interstate 80 bypass north to the Highway 287 junction;

B. From the U.S. Highway 287 bypass on U.S. Highway 30-Interstate 80 bypass west along Cedar Street to Third Street, then north on Third Street to Spruce Street, then west on Spruce Street to the U.S. Highway 30-Interstate 80;

C. From Third Street and Cedar Street north on Third Street and U.S. Highway 287. (Ord. 11F-77 § 1(d); prior code § 16-176(d))

D. State Highway 71 from the western city limits to its intersection with Higley Boulevard.

E. Jackson Street from State Highway 71 to the southern end of the Sixth Street Overpass and

F. Sixth Street including the overpass from Hugus Street to Spruce Street. (Ord. 02-00) (Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Chapter 10.27

ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS

Sections:

- 10.27.010** **Designation.**
- 10.27.020** **Movements restricted.**
- 10.27.030** **Reversible lanes authorized.**

Section 10.27.010 **Designation.**

Whenever any ordinance of this city designates any one-way street or alley, the city Public Works Director shall place and maintain signs giving notice thereof, and no such regulation shall be effective unless the signs are in place. Signs indicating the direction of lawful traffic movement shall be placed at every intersection where movement of traffic in the opposite direction is prohibited. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-209)(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.27.020 **Movements restricted.**

Upon those streets and parts of streets and in those alleys which have been marked with official signs, vehicular traffic shall move only in the indicated direction when signs indicating the direction of traffic are erected and maintained at every intersection where movement in the opposite direction is prohibited.(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.27.030 **Reversible lanes authorized.**

The city council, upon the recommendation of the Urban Systems Committee, is authorized to determine and designate streets, parts of streets or specific lanes thereon upon which vehicular traffic shall proceed in one direction during one period and the opposite direction during another period of the day and shall place and maintain appropriate markings, signs, barriers or other devices to give notice thereof. The public works director may direct signs to be erected temporarily designating lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction, regardless of the centerline of the roadway. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-211)(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Chapter 10.30

STOP AND YIELD INTERSECTIONS

Sections:

- 10.30.010** **Repealed**
- 10.30.020** **Repealed**
- 10.30.030** **Other intersections requiring stop or yield.**
- 10.30.040** **Entering stop or yield intersections.**
- 10.30.050** **Evidence of failure to stop or yield.**

Section 10.30.010 **Repealed**

(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000; Manual, Repealed, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.30.020 **Repealed**

(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000; Manual, Repealed, 04/01/2000)

Section 10.30.030 **Other intersections requiring stop or yield.**

Based on recommendations by the Urban Systems Committee, City Council will determine and designate intersections where particular hazard exists upon other than through streets and to determine:

A. Whether vehicles shall stop at one or more entrances to any such intersection, in which event a stop sign will be placed at every such place where a stop is required; or

B. Whether vehicles shall yield the right-of-way to vehicles on a different street at the intersection, in which event he shall cause to be erected a yield sign at every place where obedience thereto is required. (Ord. 2-00 Prior code § 16-225)(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.30.040 **Entering stop or yield intersections.**

A. Except when directed to proceed by a police officer or traffic-control signal, every driver of a vehicle approaching a stop intersection indicated by a stop sign shall stop and, after having stopped, shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle which has entered the intersection from another highway or which is approaching so closely on the highway as to constitute an immediate hazard during the time when the driver is moving across or within the intersection.

B. The driver of a vehicle approaching a yield sign shall slow down to a speed reasonable for the existing conditions and shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle in the intersection or approaching on another highway so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard during the time the driver is moving across or within the intersection. (Prior code § 16-226)(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.30.050 **Evidence of failure to stop or yield.**

If a driver is involved in a collision at an intersection or bisection, or interferes with the movement of other vehicles after driving past a stop or yield right-of-way sign, the collision or interference shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the driver's failure to stop or yield right-of-way. (Prior code § 16-227)

(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Chapter 10.33

STOPPING, STANDING AND PARKING

Sections:

10.33.020	Method of parking.
10.33.030	Repealed
10.33.040	Prohibited in specified places.
10.33.050	Traffic obstruction prohibited.
10.33.060	Parking in alleys.
10.33.070	Parking for certain purposes prohibited.
10.33.080	Parking adjacent to schools.
10.33.090	Parking on narrow streets.
10.33.100	Parking on one-way streets.
10.33.110	Parking on one-way roadways.
10.33.120	Parking or stopping near hazardous or congested places.
10.33.130	Parking outside business or residence districts.
10.33.140	Emerging from alley, driveway or building.
10.33.150	Storage of vehicle in public space prohibited.
10.33.160	Unauthorized parking on private property.
10.33.170	Unauthorized parking in front of property of another.
10.33.180	Handicapped parking.

Section 10.33.020 Method of parking.

A. The City Council shall determine upon what streets angle parking shall be permitted and shall mark or sign such streets; but the angle parking shall not be indicated upon any federal-aid or state highway within this city unless the State Highway Commission has determined that the roadway is of sufficient width to permit angle parking without interfering with the free movement of traffic.

B. On those streets which have been signed or marked by the director of public works for angle parking, no person shall park or stand a vehicle other than at the angle to the curb or edge of the roadway indicated by such signs or markings.

C. The City Council may permit angle parking on a roadway, except that angle parking shall not be permitted on any federal-aid or state highway unless the highway department has determined that the roadway is of sufficient width to permit angle parking without interfering with the free movement of traffic. Restrictions on length may be imposed and indicated by official signs if it is determined by engineering studies that the length limit is required. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code 16-323) (Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000) (Ord. 05A-2021, Amended, 5/26/2021)

Section 10.33.030 Repealed

(Manual, Repealed, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.33.040 Prohibited in specified places.

Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or in compliance with law or the directions of a police officer or other official traffic-control device, no person shall:

A. Stop, stand or park a vehicle:

1. On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street,
2. On a crosswalk,
3. Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within twenty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless a different length is indicated by signs or

markings,

4. Along or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping, standing or parking would obstruct traffic,

5. On any railroad tracks;

6. On any sidewalk in such a way as to obstruct pedestrian traffic and/or access for physically handicapped persons.

B. Stand or park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except momentarily to pick up or discharge a passenger or passengers:

1. Within six feet of a fire hydrant,

2. Within twenty feet of a crosswalk at an intersection, except in a business district,

3. Within thirty feet upon the approach to any flashing signal, stop sign, yield sign or traffic-control signal located at the side of a roadway,

4. Within twenty feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within seventy-five feet of the entrance when properly signposted,

5. At any place where official signs prohibit standing;

C. Park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading merchandise or passengers:

1. Within twenty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing,

2. At any place where official signs prohibit parking;

D. No vehicle which exceeds six feet in height for more than six feet of its length shall be parked upon any street or roadway within forty feet of the intersection of that street or roadway with any other street or roadway. (Prior code § 16-324)

Section 10.33.050 Traffic obstruction prohibited.

No person shall park any vehicle upon a street, other than an alley, in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than ten feet of the width of the roadway for free movement of vehicular traffic. (Prior code § 16-325)

Section 10.33.060 Parking in alleys.

No person shall park a vehicle within an alley in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave less than ten feet of the width of the roadway for the free movement of vehicular traffic, and no person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle within an alley in such position as to block the driveway entrance to any abutting property. (Prior code § 16-326)

Section 10.33.070 Parking for certain purposes prohibited.

No person shall park a vehicle upon any roadway for the principal purpose of:

A. Displaying the vehicle for sale;

B. Greasing or repairing the vehicle except repairs necessitated by an emergency.

(Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-327)

(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.33.080 Parking adjacent to schools.

A. The director of public works is authorized to erect signs indicating no parking upon either or both sides of any street adjacent to any school property when such parking would, in the opinion of the City Council, interfere with traffic or create a hazardous situation.

B. When official signs prohibiting parking are erected upon narrow streets as authorized in this chapter, no person shall park a vehicle in any such designated place. (Prior code § 16-328)

(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.33.090 Parking on narrow streets.

A. The director of public works is authorized to erect signs indicating no parking upon any street when the width of the roadway does not exceed twenty feet, or upon one side of a street as indicated by such signs when the width of the roadway does not exceed thirty feet.

B. When official signs prohibiting parking are erected upon narrow streets as authorized in this chapter, no person shall park a vehicle upon any such street in violation of any such sign. (Prior code § 16-329)

(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.33.100 Parking on one-way streets.

The director of public works is authorized to erect signs upon either side of any one-way street to prohibit the standing or parking of vehicles, and when such signs are in place, no person shall stand or park a vehicle upon such left-hand side in violation of any such sign. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-330)

(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.33.110 Parking on one-way roadways.

In the event a highway includes two or more separate roadways and traffic is restricted to one direction upon any roadway, no person shall stand or park a vehicle upon the left-hand side of the one-way roadway unless signs are erected to permit such standing or parking may be permitted upon the left-hand side of any such one-way roadway and to erect signs giving notice thereof. (Prior code § 16-331)

Section 10.33.120 Parking or stopping near hazardous or congested places.

A. The director of public works in cooperation with the chief of police is authorized to determine and designate by proper signs, places not exceeding one hundred feet in length in which the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles would create an especially hazardous condition or would cause unusual delay to traffic.

B. When official signs are erected at hazardous or congested places as authorized in this chapter, no person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle in any such designated place. (Ord.02-00 Prior code § 16-332)

(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.33.130 Parking outside business or residence districts.

A. Upon any highway outside of a business or residence district no person shall stop, park or leave standing any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, upon the paved or main-traveled part of the highway when it is practicable to stop, park or so leave the vehicle off such part of the highway, but in every event an unobstructed width of the highway opposite a standing vehicle shall be left for the free passage of other vehicles and a clear view of the stopped vehicles shall be available for a distance of two hundred feet in each direction upon the highway.

B. This section shall not apply to the driver of any vehicle which is disabled while on the paved or main-traveled portion of a highway in such manner and to such extent that it is impossible to avoid stopping and temporarily leaving the disabled vehicle in such position. (Prior code § 16-333)

Section 10.33.140 Emerging from alley, driveway or building.

The driver of a vehicle within a business or residence district emerging from an alley, driveway or building shall stop the vehicle immediately prior to driving onto a sidewalk or onto the sidewalk area extending across any alleyway or driveway, and shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian as may be necessary to avoid collision, and upon entering the roadway shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles approaching on the roadway. (Prior code § 16-334)

Section 10.33.150 Storage of vehicle in public space prohibited.

No owner, manager or employee of any garage, salesroom, shop or other place of business shall permit any vehicle, whether it is stock in trade or left for safe keeping, repair or storage, to be or remain in or upon any alley, street or sidewalk or in any space between the street and the property line adjacent to, in front of or beside any premises in the city. (Ord. 6-77 § 1: prior code § 16-335)

Section 10.33.160 Unauthorized parking on private property.

No operator of a motor vehicle shall permit the vehicle to stand or be parked or be driven upon any private property without the express consent of the owner or lessee of the private property. The police department is authorized to cause any vehicle parked in violation of this section to be removed from the private property at the expense of the registered owner or operator of the vehicle. (Prior code § 16-336)

Section 10.33.170 Unauthorized parking in front of property of another.

It is unlawful for any person to park any vehicle for a continuous period of more than twenty-four hours on a street within the city in front of property belonging to or occupied by another person without the express consent of the owner or occupant. (Ord. 9a-76 § 1: prior code § 16-337)

Section 10.33.180 Handicapped parking.

It is unlawful for anyone to park a motor vehicle in any area designated or approved for handicapped parking only, unless such person has clearly displayed on such vehicle a handicapped window identification sticker as authorized by Wyoming Statute Section 31-4-408 (1977). (Ord. 5B-83)

Chapter 10.36

RESTRICTED AND PROHIBITED PARKING

Sections:

- 10.36.010** **Applicability.**
- 10.36.020** **Regulations not exclusive.**
- 10.36.030** **No parking area designation.**
- 10.36.040** **Parking prohibited during certain hours.**
- 10.36.050** **Stopping, standing or parking prohibited during certain hours.**
- 10.36.060** **Parking time limits.**
- 10.36.070** **Signs required.**

Section 10.36.010 **Applicability.**

The provisions of this chapter prohibiting the standing or parking of a vehicle shall apply at all times or at those times specified in this chapter or as indicated on official signs except when it is necessary to stop a vehicle to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or official traffic-control device. (Prior code § 16-343)

Section 10.36.020 **Regulations not exclusive.**

The provisions of this chapter imposing a time limit on parking shall not relieve any person from the duty to observe other and more restrictive provisions prohibiting or limiting the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles in specified places or at specified times. (Prior code § 16-344)

Section 10.36.030 **No parking area designation.**

When signs are erected giving notice thereof, or when the curb is painted yellow, no person shall at any time park a vehicle within the area of the street which is painted yellow or posted as a no parking area. The director of public works is responsible for designating the no parking areas and for erecting appropriate signs giving notice thereof, or painting the curbs yellow. (Ord. 02-00 Ord. 7F-80 § 1: prior code § 16-345)
(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.36.040 **Parking prohibited during certain hours.**

When signs are erected in each block giving notice thereof, no person shall park a vehicle in violation of the instructions on said signs. (Ord.20-00 Prior code § 16-346)
(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.36.050 **Stopping, standing or parking prohibited during certain hours.**

When signs are erected in each block giving notice thereof, no person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle except at the times and under the conditions specified on official signs. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-347)
(Manual, Amended, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.36.060 **Parking time limits.**

When signs are erected in each block giving notice thereof, no person shall park a vehicle for

longer than the time specified on signs. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-348)
(Manual, Amended, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.36.070 Signs required.

Whenever by this chapter or by any other ordinance of this city any parking time is limited or parking is prohibited on designated streets it shall be the duty of the Public Works Director to erect appropriate signs giving notice thereof and no such regulations shall be effective unless the signs are erected and in place at the time of any alleged offense. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-349)
(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Chapter 10.39

LOADING AND UNLOADING

Sections:

10.39.010	Repealed
10.39.020	Repealed
10.39.030	Repealed
10.39.040	Designation of public carrier stands and stops.
10.39.050	Buses and taxicabs.
10.39.060	Use of bus and taxicab stands.
10.39.070	Loading or unloading at an angle.

Section 10.39.010 **Repealed**

(Manual, Repealed, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.39.020 **Repealed**

(Manual, Repealed & Replaced, 04/19/2000; Manual, Amended, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.39.030 **Repealed**

(Manual, Repealed, 02/01/2000)

Section 10.39.040 **Designation of public carrier stands and stops.**

The director of public works is authorized and required to establish bus stops, bus stands, taxicab stands and stands for other passenger common carrier motor vehicles on such public streets in such places and in such number as he determines to be of the greatest benefit and convenience to the public, and every such bus stop, bus stand, taxicab stand or other stand shall be designated by appropriate signs. (Prior code § 16-359)

(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.39.050 **Buses and taxicabs.**

A. The operator of a bus shall not stand or park such vehicle upon any street at any place other than a bus stand so designated as provided in this chapter.

B. The operator of a bus shall not stop such vehicle upon any street at any place for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or their baggage other than at a bus stop, bus stand or passenger loading zone so designated as provided in this chapter, except in case of an emergency.

C. The operator of a taxicab shall not stand or park the vehicle upon any street at any place other than in a taxicab stand so designated as provided in this chapter. This provision shall not prevent the operator of a taxicab from temporarily stopping in accordance with other stopping or parking regulations at any space for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers

D. The operator of a taxicab shall not stand or park the vehicle upon any street at any place other than in a taxicab stand so designated as provided in this chapter. This provision shall not prevent the operator of a taxicab from temporarily stopping in accordance with other stopping or

parking regulations at any space for the purpose of and while actually engaged in the expeditious loading or unloading of passengers. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-360)
(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.39.060 Use of bus and taxicab stands.

No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle other than a bus in a bus stop, or other than a taxicab in a taxicab stand when any such stop or stand has been officially designated and appropriately signed, except that the driver of a passenger vehicle may temporarily stop therein for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading passengers when the stopping does not interfere with any bus or taxicab waiting to enter or about to enter the zone. (Prior code § 16-361)

Section 10.39.070 Loading or unloading at an angle.

A. The chief of police is authorized to issue special permits to permit the backing of a vehicle to the curb for the purpose of loading or unloading merchandise or materials subject to the terms and conditions of the permit. The permits may be issued either to the owner or lessee of real property or to the owner of the vehicle and shall grant to the person the privilege as stated therein and authorized in this chapter.

B. It is unlawful for any permittee or other person to violate any of the special terms or conditions of any such permit. (Prior code § 16-362)

Chapter 10.45
RULES OF THE ROAD

Sections:

- 10.45.010 Starting parked vehicle.**
- 10.45.020 Driving on right side of roadway and exceptions.**
- 10.45.030 Meeting vehicles.**
- 10.45.040 Overtaking--Generally.**
- 10.45.050 Overtaking--Procedures.**
- 10.45.060 Overtaking--Prohibited places.**
- 10.45.070 Overtaking--On right.**
- 10.45.080 No passing zones.**
- 10.45.090 One-way roadways and rotary traffic islands.**
- 10.45.100 Lane usage.**
- 10.45.110 Overtaking and passing school buses.**
- 10.45.120 Maintenance vehicle right-of-way.**
- 10.45.130 Loss of right-of-way when violating provisions.**
- 10.45.140 Driving on divided highways.**
- 10.45.150 Controlled-access highway--Entry and exit.**
- 10.45.160 Controlled-access highway--Use restriction.**
- 10.45.170 Intersections--Approaching or entering.**
- 10.45.180 Intersections--Turning left.**
- 10.45.190 Entering highway from private road or driveway.**
- 10.45.200 Driving in city park.**
- 10.45.210 Snowmobiles prohibited on streets.**

Section 10.45.010 Starting parked vehicle.

No person shall start a vehicle which is stopped, standing or parked unless and until such movement can be made with reasonable safety. (Prior code § 16-113)

Section 10.45.020 Driving on right side of roadway and exceptions.

A. Upon all roadways of sufficient width a vehicle shall be driven upon the right half of the roadway, except as follows:

1. When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction under the rules governing such movement;
2. When the right half of a roadway is closed to traffic while under construction or repair;
3. Upon a roadway divided into three marked lanes for traffic under the rules applicable thereon; or
4. Upon a roadway designated and signposted for one-way traffic.

B. Upon all roadways except one-way streets any vehicle proceeding at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing shall be driven in the right-hand lane then available for traffic, or as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway, except when overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction or when preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway. (Prior code § 16-114)

Section 10.45.030 Meeting vehicles.

Drivers of vehicles proceeding in opposite directions shall pass each other to the right, and upon roadways having width for not more than one line of traffic in each direction each driver shall give to the other at least one-half of the main-traveled portion of the roadway as nearly as possible. (Prior code § 16-115)

Section 10.45.040 Overtaking--Generally.

The following rules shall govern the overtaking and passing of vehicles proceeding in the same direction, subject to those limitations, exceptions and special rules stated in this chapter:

A. The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle proceeding in the same direction shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until safely clear of the overtaken vehicle.

B. Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle on audible signal and shall not increase the speed of his vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle. (Prior code § 16-116)

Section 10.45.050 Overtaking--Procedures.

No vehicle shall be driven to the left side of the center of the roadway in overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction unless the left side is clearly visible and is free of oncoming traffic for a sufficient distance ahead to permit the overtaking and passing to be completely made without interfering with the safe operation of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction or any vehicle overtaken. In every event the overtaking vehicle must return to the right-hand side of the roadway before coming within one hundred feet of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction or any vehicle overtaken. In every event the overtaking vehicle must return to the right-hand side of the roadway before coming within one hundred feet of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction. (Prior code § 16-117)

Section 10.45.060 Overtaking--Prohibited places.

A. No vehicle shall at any time be driven to the left side of the roadway under the following conditions:

1. When approaching the crest of a grade or upon a curve in the highway where the driver's view is obstructed within such distance as to create a hazard in the event another vehicle might approach from the opposite direction;

2. When approaching within one hundred feet of or traversing any intersection or railroad grade crossing;

3. When the view is obstructed upon approaching within one hundred feet of any bridge, viaduct or tunnel.

B. The foregoing limitations shall not apply upon a one-way roadway. (Prior code § 16-118)

Section 10.45.070 Overtaking--On right.

A. The driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass upon the right of another vehicle only under the following conditions:

1. When the vehicle overtaken is making or about to make a left turn;

2. Upon a street or highway with unobstructed pavement not occupied by parked vehicles of sufficient width for two or more lines of moving vehicles in each direction;

3. Upon a one-way street, or upon any roadway on which traffic is restricted to one direction of movement, where the roadway is free from obstructions and of sufficient width for two or more

lines of moving vehicles.

B. The driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass another vehicle upon the right only under the conditions permitting such movement in safety. In no event shall such movement be made by driving off the pavement or main-traveled portion of the roadway. (Prior code § 16-119)

Section 10.45.080 No passing zones.

The city traffic engineer is authorized to determine those portions of any highway where overtaking and passing or driving to the left of the roadway would be especially hazardous and may by appropriate signs or markings on the roadway indicate the beginning and end of such zones and when the signs or markings are in place and clearly visible to any ordinarily observant person, every driver of a vehicle shall obey the directions thereof. (Prior code § 16-120)

Section 10.45.090 One-way roadways and rotary traffic islands.

A. The traffic engineer may designate any highway or any separate roadway under his jurisdiction for one-way traffic and shall erect appropriate signs giving notice thereof.

B. Upon a roadway designated and signposted for one-way traffic a vehicle shall be driven only in the direction designated.

C. A vehicle passing around a rotary traffic island shall be driven only to the right of the island. (Prior code § 16-121)

Section 10.45.100 Lane usage.

Whenever any roadway has been divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for traffic, the following rules in addition to all others consistent with this chapter shall apply:

A. A vehicle shall be driven as nearly as practicable entirely within a single lane and shall not be moved from the lane until the driver has first ascertained that the movement can be made with safety.

B. Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes a vehicle shall not be driven in the center lane except when overtaking and passing another vehicle where the roadway is clearly visible and the center lane is clear of traffic within a safe distance, or in preparation for a left turn or where the center lane is at the time allocated exclusively to traffic moving in the direction the vehicle is proceeding and is signposted to give notice of the allocation.

C. Official signs may be erected directing slow-moving traffic to use a designated lane or designating those lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction regardless of the center of the roadway and drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of every such sign. (Prior code § 16-122)

Section 10.45.110 Overtaking and passing school buses.

A. The driver of a vehicle upon meeting or overtaking from either direction any school bus which has stopped shall stop the vehicle before reaching the school bus when there are in operation on the school bus the flashing red lights required by state law and the driver shall not proceed until the school bus resumes motion or the flashing red lights are no longer actuated.

B. Every bus used for the transportation of school children shall bear upon the front and rear thereof plainly visible signs containing the words "school bus" in letters not less than eight inches in height, and in addition shall be equipped with red visual signals meeting the requirements of state law, which shall be actuated by the driver of the school bus whenever but only whenever the vehicle is stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging school children. (Prior code § 16-124)

Section 10.45.120 Maintenance vehicle right-of-way.

All vehicles of the various city maintenance departments shall have the right-of-way at all times over all except authorized emergency vehicles. (Prior code § 16-125)

Section 10.45.130 Loss of right-of-way when violating provisions.

Any driver or operator, while driving in a reckless manner, or to the left of the center of the street on a two-way street, or driving without lights at such time as lights are required or violating any other provision of this title or any other traffic ordinance or law shall have no right-of-way whatsoever. (Prior code § 16-126)

Section 10.45.140 Driving on divided highways.

Whenever any highway has been divided into two roadways by leaving an intervening space or by a physical barrier or clearly indicated dividing section so constructed as to impede vehicular traffic, every vehicle shall be driven only upon the right-hand roadway and no vehicle shall be driven over, across or within any such dividing space, barrier or section except through an opening in the physical barrier or dividing section or space or at a crossover or intersection established by public authority. (Prior code § 16-127)

Section 10.45.150 Controlled-access highway--Entry and exit.

No person shall drive a vehicle onto or from any controlled-access roadway except at such entrances and exits as are established by public authority. (Prior code § 16-128)

Section 10.45.160 Controlled-access highway--Use restriction.

A. The city council may by ordinance, with respect to any controlled-access roadway under their respective jurisdiction prohibit the use of any such roadway by pedestrians, bicycles, or other non-motorized traffic or by any person operating a motor-driven cycle.

B. The council shall erect and maintain official signs on the controlled-access roadway on which the regulations are applicable and when so erected no person shall disobey the restrictions stated on such signs. (Prior code § 16-129)

Section 10.45.170 Intersections--Approaching or entering.

A. The driver of a vehicle approaching an intersection shall yield the right-of-way to a vehicle which has entered the intersection from a different highway.

B. When two vehicles enter an intersection from different highways at approximately the same time, the driver of the vehicle on the left shall yield the right-of-way to the vehicle on the right.

C. The right-of-way rules declared in subsections A and B of this section are modified at through highways and otherwise as stated in Sections 10.45.180 and 10.45.190. (Prior code § 16-130)

Section 10.45.180 Intersections--Turning left.

The driver of a vehicle within an intersection intending to turn to the left shall yield the right-

of-way to any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction which is within the intersection or so close thereto as to constitute an immediate hazard. (Ord. 9A-89: prior code § 16-131)

Section 10.45.190 Entering highway from private road or driveway.

The driver of a vehicle about to enter or cross a highway from a private road or driveway shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles approaching on the highway. (Prior code § 16-132)

Section 10.45.200 Driving in city park.

No person or persons shall drive any private vehicle upon or across any city park or part thereof within the limits of the city, except in parking areas specifically designated as such. (Prior code § 16-133)

Section 10.45.210 Snowmobiles prohibited on streets.

A. It is unlawful for any person to operate or ride upon any motor-propelled vehicle which normally rides on the top of the snow and which is commonly called a snowmobile on or across any public highway, street or alley or on any other property owned by the city within its city limits.

B. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in a sum of not less than ten dollars, nor more than two hundred dollars. (Prior code § 16-134)

Chapter 10.48

MISCELLANEOUS DRIVING RULES

Sections:

- 10.48.010 Manner of driving.**
- 10.48.030 Reckless driving.**
- 10.48.040 Careless driving.**
- 10.48.050 Boarding or alighting from vehicles.**
- 10.48.060 Following fire apparatus.**
- 10.48.070 Driving over fire hose.**
- 10.48.080 Unlawful riding.**
- 10.48.090 Stopping when traffic is obstructed.**
- 10.48.100 Backing vehicles.**
- 10.48.110 Clinging to vehicles.**
- 10.48.120 Towing vehicles.**
- 10.48.130 Coasting.**
- 10.48.140 Speed or acceleration contests or exhibitions on public streets.**
- 10.48.150 Driving of vehicle while under influence of intoxicating liquor and controlled substances.**
- 10.48.160 Implied Consent to Chemical Testing**
- 10.48.170 Engine Compression Brake Use Prohibited.**

Section 10.48.010 Manner of driving.

Every person operating a vehicle within the City shall operate the vehicle in a careful and prudent manner, having regard for the width, grade, curves, corners, traffic and other users of the City, and all attendant circumstances, so as not to endanger the life, limb or property of any person. (Prior code § 16-239) (Ord. No. 10-95, Amended, 10/03/95)

Section 10.48.030 Reckless driving.

Any person who drives any vehicle in willful or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property is guilty of the misdemeanor of reckless driving. (Prior code § 16-241)

Section 10.48.040 Careless driving.

Every person operating a vehicle within the City shall operate the vehicle in a careful and prudent manner, having regard for the actual and potential hazards then existing, and shall keep his vehicle under control so as not to endanger or collide with any person, structure, thing, vehicle or other conveyance. Failure to observe the requirements of this section shall constitute careless driving. (Prior code § 16-242) (Ord. No. 10-95, Amended, 10/03/95)

Section 10.48.050 Boarding or alighting from vehicles.

- A. No person shall board or alight from any vehicle while the vehicle is in motion.
- B. No person shall enter or get out of any vehicle from the side facing the traveled part of the street or roadway in such a manner as to interfere with the flow of traffic. (Prior code § 16-243)

Section 10.48.060 Following fire apparatus.

The driver of any vehicle other than one on official business shall not follow any fire apparatus traveling in response to a fire alarm closer than five hundred feet or drive into or park the vehicle within the block where fire apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm. (Prior code § 16-244)

Section 10.48.070 Driving over fire hose.

No vehicle shall be driven over any unprotected hose of a fire department when laid down on any street or private driveway to be used at any fire or alarm of fire, without the consent of the fire department official in command. (Prior code § 16-245)

Section 10.48.080 Unlawful riding.

No person shall ride on any vehicle upon any portion thereof not designed or intended for the use of passengers. This provision shall not apply to an employee engaged in the necessary discharge of a duty, or to persons riding within truck bodies in space intended for merchandise. (Prior code § 16-246)

Section 10.48.090 Stopping when traffic is obstructed.

No driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle he is operating without obstructing the passage of other vehicles or pedestrians, notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to proceed. (Prior code § 16-247)

Section 10.48.100 Backing vehicles.

The driver of a vehicle shall not back the vehicle unless the movement can be made with reasonable safety and without interfering with other traffic. (Prior code § 16-248)

Section 10.48.110 Clinging to vehicles.

No person riding upon any bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled or toy vehicle shall attach it or himself to any vehicle upon a roadway. (Prior code § 16-249)

Section 10.48.120 Towing vehicles.

No vehicle shall tow more than one other vehicle or trailer. (Prior code § 16-250)

Section 10.48.130 Coasting.

A. The driver of any motor vehicle when traveling upon a down grade shall not coast with the gears of the vehicle in neutral.

B. The driver of a commercial motor vehicle when traveling upon a down grade shall not coast with the clutch disengaged. (Prior code § 16-255)

Section 10.48.140 Speed or acceleration contests or exhibitions on public streets.

A. Approval Required--Aiding or Abetting. No person shall engage in any motor vehicle

speed or acceleration contest, or exhibition of speed or acceleration on any street or highway without approval of such use by the governing body in charge thereof. No person shall aid or abet in any such motor vehicle speed or acceleration contest or exhibition on any street or highway, without approval of such use by the governing body in charge thereof.

B. Obstructions or Barricades on Highways. No person shall for the purpose of facilitating or aiding or as an incident to any motor vehicle speed or acceleration contest upon a street or highway, in any manner obstruct or place or assist in placing any barricade or obstruction upon any street or highway without approval of such use by the governing body in charge thereof.

C. Penalty for Violations. Any person who violates this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. (Ord. 6E-81: prior code § 16-256)

Section 10.48.150 Driving of vehicle while under influence of intoxicating liquor and controlled substances.

It shall be unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances as provided in W.S. 31-5-233 (2001), which statute is hereby adopted along with any amendments made thereto in the future. (Ord. 1B-90; Ord. 6-84; Ord. 04-03, Amended 4/15/03)(04-03, Amended, 04/15/2003)

Section 10.48.160 Implied Consent to Chemical Testing

Wyoming Statutes sections 31-6-101 through 31-6-108, and any amendments made hereafter, are hereby adopted to control the chemical testing of the blood, breath, or urine of individuals arrested for Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol or controlled substances. (Ord. 1B-90; Ord. 04-03, Amended 4/15/03)
(04-03, Amended, 04/15/2003)

Section 10.48.170 Engine Compression Brake Use Prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to use engine compression brakes within the jurisdictional limits of the City. (Ord. No. 7-96, Enacted, 07/16/96)

Chapter 10.51

FUNERAL PROCESSIONS AND PARADES

Sections:

- 10.51.010** **Funeral procession--Identification insignia.**
- 10.51.020** **Driving through processions.**
- 10.51.030** **Driving in procession.**
- 10.51.040** **Funeral procession--Identification required.**
- 10.51.050** **Permits required.**

Section 10.51.010 **Funeral procession--Identification insignia.**

The traffic division shall designate a type of pennant or other identifying insignia to be displayed upon, or other method to be employed to identify, the vehicles in funeral processions. (Prior code § 16-19)

Section 10.51.020 **Driving through processions.**

No driver of a vehicle shall drive between the vehicles comprising a funeral or other authorized procession while they are in motion and when such vehicles are conspicuously designated as required in this chapter. This provision shall not apply at intersections where traffic is controlled by traffic-control signals or police officers. (Prior code § 16-251)

Section 10.51.030 **Driving in procession.**

Each driver in a funeral or other procession shall drive as near to the right-hand edge of the roadway as practicable and shall follow the vehicle ahead as close as is practicable and safe. (Prior code § 16-252)

Section 10.51.040 **Funeral procession--Identification required.**

A funeral composed of a procession of vehicles shall be identified as such by the display upon the outside of each vehicle of a pennant or other identifying insignia or by such other method as may be determined and designated by the traffic division. (Prior code § 16-253)

Section 10.51.050 **Permits required.**

No funeral, procession or parade containing two hundred or more persons or fifty or more vehicles except the Armed Forces of the United States, the military forces of this state and the forces of the police and fire departments, shall occupy, march or proceed along any street except in accordance with a permit issued by the chief of police and such other regulations as are set forth in this chapter which may apply. (Prior code § 16-254)

Chapter 10.54

VEHICLE LICENSES

Sections:

- 10.54.010 Licensing Required.**
- 10.54.020 License Plate Display.**
- 10.54.030 License Registration Display.**
- 10.54.040 License Plate Mutilation Prohibited.**
- 10.54.050 Licensing Outside State.**
- 10.54.060 Exemption.**
- 10.54.070 Penalty for Violation.**

Section 10.54.010 Licensing Required.

All owners or those acquiring ownership of a motor vehicle required to be licensed by the laws of the state must be duly licensed prior to operation upon the streets of the city. (Ord. 3a-76 § 1)

Section 10.54.020 License Plate Display.

A. License plates for motor vehicles shall be (i) conspicuously displayed and securely fastened to be plainly visible, a) one (1) on the front, excluding the following:

1. Motorcycles;
2. Multipurpose vehicles;
3. Trailers, including house trailers;
4. Vehicles operated with demo, full use or manufacturer license plates issued pursuant to Wyoming State Statute §31-16-125;
5. Street rods registered pursuant to Wyoming State Statute §31-2-226;
6. Custom vehicles registered pursuant to Wyoming State Statute §31-2-227;
7. Antique vehicles registered pursuant to Wyoming State Statute §31-2-223;
8. A motor vehicle which was originally manufactured without a bracket, device or other means to display and secure a front license;
9. Off-road recreational vehicles as defined by Wyoming State Statute §31-1-101(a)(xv)(K)(ii) that are registered pursuant to Wyoming State Statute §31-2-232.

B. And one (1) on the rear of the vehicle.

1. Secured to prevent swinging;
2. Attached in a horizontal position no less than twelve (12) inches from the ground;
3. Maintained free from foreign materials and in a condition to be clearly visible.

(Ord. 3a-76 § 2(a)) (Ord. 07-2021, Amended 7/14/2021)

Section 10.54.030 License Registration Display.

Every owner, or if applicable, operator or lessee, of a vehicle which will be operated or driven upon any highway in Wyoming shall be required to obtain and display a valid registration in accordance with Wyoming Statutes §§ 31-2-201 through 31-2-232 as may be amended from time to time. (Ord. 2-88 § 1: Ord. 3a-76 § 2(b))(Ord 9-2022, Amended 9/20/22)

Section 10.54.040 License Plate Mutilation Prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to willfully mutilate any license plate or to alter any certificate or registration, or for any owner of a registered motor vehicle to permit the motor vehicle to be

operated with the license plates so mutilated or obscured as to prevent the number from being easily read. (Ord. 3a-76 § 3)

Section 10.54.050 Licensing Outside State.

It is unlawful for any person to attempt to evade the laws of the state or the ordinances of the city relating to licensing of motor vehicles for lawful operation within the city by obtaining a license from a foreign state and placing the foreign license plates thereby obtained upon a motor vehicle owned and/or operated within the city by such person and thereby falsely represent to the public and the officials of the state and city relating to the procuring of licenses for motor vehicles for operation upon the streets of the city, that the vehicle is lawfully licensed. (Ord. 3a-76 § 4)

Section 10.54.060 Exemption.

The terms of this chapter shall not apply to a motor vehicle owned by a nonresident of this state which are by state law exempted from registration in this state. (Ord. 3a-76 § 5)

Section 10.54.070 Penalty for Violation.

Any person or persons violating the terms of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in the sum of not less than ten dollars nor more than two hundred dollars. (Ord. 3a-76 § 6)

Chapter 10.57
EQUIPMENT

Sections:

10.57.010	Applicability.
10.57.020	Unsafe vehicles prohibited.
10.57.030	Lamps and lights.
10.57.040	Brakes.
10.57.050	Horns and warning devices.
10.57.060	Mufflers.
10.57.070	Mirrors.
10.57.080	Windshields and wipers.
10.57.090	Tires.
10.57.100	Child safety restraint required.

Section 10.57.010 Applicability.

A. It is a misdemeanor for any person to drive or move or for the owner to cause or knowingly permit to be driven or moved on any highway any vehicle or combination of vehicles which is in such unsafe condition as to endanger any person, or which does not contain those parts or is not at all times equipped with such lamps and other equipment in proper condition and adjustment as required in this chapter, or which is equipped in any manner in violation of this chapter, or for any person to do any act forbidden or fail to perform any act required under this chapter.

B. Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the use of additional parts and accessories on any vehicle not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.

C. The provisions of this chapter with respect to equipment on vehicles shall not apply to implements of husbandry, road machinery, road rollers or farm tractors except as made applicable in this chapter. (Prior code § 16-301)

Section 10.57.020 Unsafe vehicles prohibited.

No person shall drive or move on any highway any motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer or pole trailer, or any combination thereof unless the equipment upon any and every vehicle is in good working order and adjustment as required in this title and the vehicle is in such safe mechanical condition as not to endanger the driver or other occupant or any person upon the highway. (Prior code § 16-302)

Section 10.57.030 Lamps and lights.

It is unlawful for any person to operate any motor vehicle within the city unless the motor vehicle is properly equipped with lamps and lights as prescribed by the laws of this state. (Prior code § 16-303)

Section 10.57.040 Brakes.

Every vehicle operated within this city shall be equipped with brakes as required by the laws of this state. (Prior code § 16-304)

Section 10.57.050 Horns and warning devices.

A. Every motor vehicle when operated upon a highway shall be equipped with a horn in good working order and capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than two hundred feet, but no horn or other warning device shall emit an unreasonably loud or harsh sound or a whistle. The driver of a motor vehicle shall when reasonably necessary to insure safe operation give audible warning with his horn but shall not otherwise use the horn when upon a highway.

B. No vehicle shall be equipped with nor shall any person use upon a vehicle any siren, whistle or bell, except as otherwise permitted in this section.

C. It is permissible but not required that any commercial vehicle be equipped with a theft alarm signal device which is so arranged that it cannot be used by the driver as an ordinary warning signal.

D. Any authorized emergency vehicle may be equipped with a siren, whistle or bell capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than five hundred feet and of a type approved by the department, but the siren shall not be used except when the vehicle is operated in response to an emergency call or in the immediate pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law, in which latter events the driver of the vehicle shall sound the siren when reasonably necessary to warn pedestrians and other drivers of the approach thereof. (Prior code § 16-305)

Section 10.57.060 Mufflers.

A. Every motor vehicle shall at all times be equipped with a muffler in good working order and in constant operation to prevent excessive or unusual noise and annoying smoke and prohibiting the modification of the muffler or exhaust system in any manner that increases or amplifies the sound of the motor, and no person shall use a muffler cutout, bypass or similar device upon a motor vehicle upon the streets and alleys of the city.

B. The engine and power mechanism of every motor vehicle shall be so equipped and adjusted to prevent the escape of excessive fumes or smoke. (Prior code § 16-306)

Section 10.57.070 Mirrors.

Every motor vehicle which is so constructed or loaded as to obstruct the driver's view to the rear thereof from the driver's position shall be equipped with a mirror so located as to reflect to the driver a view of the highway for a distance of at least two hundred feet to the rear of the vehicle. (Prior code § 16-307)

Section 10.57.080 Windshields and wipers.

A. No person shall drive any motor vehicle with any sign, poster or other nontransparent material upon the front windshield, sidewings or rear windows of the vehicle other than a certificate or other paper authorized by the superintendent or required to be so displayed by law.

B. The windshield on every motor vehicle shall be equipped with a device for cleaning rain, snow or other moisture from the windshield, which device shall be so constructed as to be controlled or operated by the driver of the vehicle.

C. Every windshield wiper upon a motor vehicle shall be maintained in good working order. (Prior code § 16-308)

Section 10.57.090 Tires.

A. Every solid rubber tire on a vehicle shall have rubber on its entire traction surface at least one inch thick above the edge of the flange of the entire periphery.

B. No person shall operate or move on any highway any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer having any metal tire in contact with the roadway.

C. No tire on a vehicle moved on a highway shall have on its periphery any block, stud, flange, cleat or spike, or have any other protuberance of any material other than rubber which projects beyond the tread of the traction surface of the tire, except that it shall be permissible to use tires containing metal studs which do not project more than one-sixteenth of an inch beyond the tread of the traction surface of the tire, and except that it shall be permissible to use farm machinery with tires having protuberances which will not injure the highway, and except also that it shall be permissible to use tire chains of reasonable proportions upon any vehicle when required for safety because of snow, ice or other conditions tending to cause a vehicle to skid.

D. The superintendent and local authorities in their respective jurisdictions may, in their discretion, issue permits authorizing the operation upon a highway of traction engines or tractors having movable tracks with traverse corrugations upon the periphery of the movable tracks or farm tractors or other farm machinery, the operation of which upon a highway would otherwise be prohibited under this title.

E. Travel on a highway may be restricted to four-wheel-drive vehicles or motor vehicles equipped with tire chains or adequate snow tires when the superintendent or his authorized representative determines that travel is sufficiently hazardous due to snow, ice or other conditions. (Prior code § 16-309)

Section 10.57.100 Child safety restraint required.

A. Definitions. As used in this section:

1. "Child safety restraint system" means any device which is designed to protect, hold or restrain a child in a privately owned, leased or rented noncommercial passenger car in such a way as to prevent or minimize injury to the child in the event of a motor vehicle accident or sudden stop and which conforms to the standards prescribed by 49 CFR 571.213, or to applicable federal motor vehicle safety standards in effect at the time of manufacture.

2. "Commercial vehicle" means any vehicle or vehicle combination used for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation or profit, or designed or used primarily for the transportation of property for gain or profit.

3. "Emergency vehicle" means any fire department vehicle, police, sheriff's department or highway patrol vehicle, civil defense vehicle, ambulance, hearse or other vehicle used primarily for emergency purposes.

4. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle which is self-propelled.

5. "Passenger car" means a motor vehicle designed to carry eleven persons or less and primarily used to transport persons, excluding emergency vehicles, motorcycles, motor homes, vans, pickups, church and school buses.

6. "School bus" means a motor vehicle that is owned by or leased to or registered to a public school district or private school or church and is used to transport children to or from school or church or in connection with school or church activities and is designed for and capable of carrying twelve or more passengers.

7. "Seating position" means any motor vehicle interior space intended by the motor vehicle manufacturer to provide seating accommodation while the motor vehicle is in motion.

B. Child Safety Restraint System--Required Use--Exception.

1. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection, no person shall operate a passenger car in this state unless each child who is a passenger in that car and who is two years of age or under, and who weighs forty pounds or less, and who is forty inches tall or less, is properly secured in a child safety restraint system.

2. Any child who is within the age, weight and height requirements specified in subdivision

1 of this subsection, need not be properly secured in a child safety restraint system if:

a. A licensed physician has determined that the weight and physical or medical condition of the child requires that the child not be secured in such a system. The person operating a passenger car transporting such a child shall carry in the car the physician's signed statement certifying that the child should not be secured in a child restraint system;

b. The child is at least one year old and there is no available space in the passenger car for a child restraint system, in which case, the child shall be secured in the seat by a safety belt provided in the passenger car;

c. The passenger car in which the child is riding was not equipped with safety belts at the time of manufacture;

d. The passenger car in which the child is riding does not provide sufficient space or sufficient safety belts; or

e. The passenger car in which the child is riding is owned or operated by persons other than the child's parent or guardian.

C. Penalty.

1. Any person who violates this section shall be issued a citation and fined not more than twenty-five dollars for the first offense; provided that the fine shall be waived by the court upon receipt of proof by the court that the offender has purchased, leased or otherwise acquired a child safety restraint system which meets the requirements of this section. For a second or subsequent violation of this section, the offender shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars.

2. Any person who uses a child safety restraint system in a manner other than in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions is guilty of a violation of this section, and shall be fined as provided in subdivision 1 of this subsection.

D. Limiting Application.

1. Violation of this section does not constitute evidence of negligence or recklessness and does not constitute a basis for criminal prosecution except as set forth in this section. (Ord. 7-85)

Chapter 10.60

WEIGHT AND LOAD RESTRICTIONS

Sections:

- 10.60.010** **Commercial motor carrier defined.**
- 10.60.020** **Purpose.**
- 10.60.030** **Applicability.**
- 10.60.040** **Load restrictions**
- 10.60.050** **Certain vehicles restricted.**
- 10.60.060** **Parking large trucks.**
- 10.60.070** **Truck routes.**

Section 10.60.010 **Commercial motor carrier defined.**

Unless the context of this chapter otherwise requires, the term "commercial motor carrier," when used in this chapter, shall be construed to mean any truck, trailer or combination thereof, carrying or constructed to carry cargo other than personnel, and having a rated load capacity of one ton or more. (Prior code § 16-282)

Section 10.60.020 **Purpose.**

The prevention of unnecessary wear and tear on the streets of the city and the elimination of unnecessary traffic hazards and loss of life and property resulting from such traffic hazards, caused by the unregulated and unrestricted use of the streets of the city by certain types of motor vehicles, and the maintenance of a sound, well-regulated traffic system for the people of the city are declared to be the objectives of this chapter, and the provisions of this chapter are the means to that end. (Prior code § 16-283)

Section 10.60.030 **Applicability.**

The terms of this chapter shall not be construed to apply to any motor vehicle operating exclusively within the city and carrying cargo from place to place within the limits of the city and its immediate environs. (Prior code § 16-284)

Section 10.60.040 **Load restrictions**

When signs are erected giving notice thereof, no person shall operate any vehicle with a gross weight in excess of the amounts specified. Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-285)

Section 10.60.050 **Certain vehicles restricted.**

A. The city council may determine and designate those heavily traveled streets upon which the use of the roadway by motor-driven cycles, bicycles, horse-drawn vehicles or other non-motorized traffic shall be prohibited and shall have appropriate signs erected giving notice thereof.

B. When signs are so erected giving notice thereof, no person shall disobey the restrictions stated on the signs. (Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-286)
(Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007)

Section 10.60.060 **Parking large trucks.**

Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or in compliance with law or at the direction of a police officer or other traffic control device, no person shall; Stop, stand or park a vehicle.

A Semi-trailer may not be parked on a city street.

B. In a diagonal parking zone when such vehicle is in excess of 20 feet in length.

(Ord. 02-00 Prior code § 16-287)

(Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Section 10.60.070 Truck routes.

It is unlawful for any commercial vehicle to use the streets or any parts thereof in the city for the purpose of passing through the city, other than for local deliveries, refueling, or eating. Travel upon any street or part thereof for the purpose of local deliveries, refueling, eating shall be by the most direct routes as allowed for such commercial vehicular travel as listed in Schedule I, such schedule being adopted by reference and on file in the offices of the city clerk and police department. Schedule I may be amended by resolution as needed in the future. (Ord. 02-00) (Ord. 8A-80: Ord. 12E-77 § 1: prior code § 16-288) (Ord. No. 1-98, Amended, 01/06/98) (Ord. 11-2007, Amended, 11/06/2007; Manual, Amended, 04/19/2000)

Chapter 10.63

RAILROAD CROSSINGS

Sections:

- 10.63.010** **Blocking streets prohibited.**
- 10.63.020** **All vehicles required to stop at certain railroad crossings.**
- 10.63.030** **Certain vehicles required to stop at all railroad crossings.**
- 10.63.040** **Moving heavy equipment across railroad crossings.**

Section 10.63.010 **Blocking streets prohibited.**

It is unlawful for the directing officer or the operator of any railroad train to direct the operation of or to operate the same in such a manner as to prevent the use of any street for purposes of travel for a period of time longer than five minutes, except that this provision shall not apply to trains or cars in motion other than those engaged in switching. (Prior code § 16-267)

Section 10.63.020 **All vehicles required to stop at certain railroad crossings.**

The city traffic engineer is authorized to designate particularly dangerous highway grade crossings of railroads and to erect stop signs thereat. When the stop signs are erected the driver of any vehicle shall stop within fifty feet but not less than fifteen feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and shall proceed only upon exercising due care. (Prior code § 16-268)

Section 10.63.030 **Certain vehicles required to stop at all railroad crossings.**

The driver of any motor vehicle carrying passengers for hire, or any school bus whether empty or carrying school children, or of any vehicle carrying explosive substances or flammable liquids as a cargo or part of a cargo, before crossing at grade any track or tracks of a railroad, shall stop the vehicle within fifty feet but not less than fifteen feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and while so stopped shall listen and look in both directions along the track for an approaching train, and for signals indicating the approach of a train, except as provided in this section, and shall not proceed until he can do so safely. After stopping as required in this section and upon proceeding when it is safe to do so the driver of any vehicle shall cross only in such gear of the vehicle that there will be no necessity for changing gears while traversing the crossing and the driver shall not shift gears while crossing the track or tracks. (Prior code § 16-269)

Section 10.63.040 **Moving heavy equipment across railroad crossings.**

A. No person shall operate or move any crawler-type tractor, steam shovel, derrick, roller or any equipment or structure having a normal operating speed of ten or less miles per hour or a vertical body or load clearance of less than one-half inch per foot of the distance between any two adjacent axles or in any event one-half inch per foot of the distance between any two adjacent axles or in any event of less than nine inches, measured above the level surface of a roadway, upon or across any tracks at a railroad grade crossing without first complying with this section.

B. Notice of any such intended crossing shall be given to a station agent of the railroad and reasonable time be given to the railroad to provide proper protection at the crossing.

C. Before making any such crossing the person operating or moving any such vehicle or equipment shall first stop the equipment not less than fifteen feet nor more than fifty feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and while so stopped shall listen and look in both directions along the track for any approaching train and for signals indicating the approach of a train, and shall not

proceed until the crossing can be made safely.

D. No such crossing shall be made when warning is given by automatic signal or crossing gates or a flagman or otherwise of the immediate approach of a railroad train or car. If a flagman is provided by the railroad, movement over the crossing shall be under his direction. (Prior code § 16-270)

Chapter 10.66

EMERGENCY VEHICLES

Sections:

- 10.66.010** Exemption authorized.
- 10.66.020** Exemptions designated.
- 10.66.030** Applicability of exemptions.
- 10.66.040** Reckless driving prohibited.
- 10.66.050** Operation of other vehicles on approach of emergency vehicle.

Section 10.66.010 Exemption authorized.

The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle, when responding to an emergency call or when in pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law or when responding to but not upon returning from a fire alarm, may exercise the privileges set forth in this chapter but subject to the conditions stated in this chapter. (Prior code § 16-38(a))

Section 10.66.020 Exemptions designated.

The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle may:

- A. Park or stand, irrespective of the provisions of this chapter;
 - B. Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, but only after slowing down as may be necessary for safe operation;
 - C. Exceed the prima facie speed limits so long as he does not endanger life or property;
 - D. Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or turning in specified directions.
- (Prior code § 16-38(b))

Section 10.66.030 Applicability of exemptions.

The exemptions granted in this chapter to an authorized emergency vehicle shall apply only when the driver of any such vehicle while in motion sounds audible signal by bell, siren or exhaust whistle as may be reasonably necessary, and when the vehicle is equipped with at least one lighted lamp displaying a red light visible under normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of five hundred feet to the front of the vehicle, except that an authorized emergency vehicle operated as a police vehicle need not be equipped with or display a red light visible in front of the vehicle. (Prior code § 16-38(c))

Section 10.66.040 Reckless driving prohibited.

The foregoing provisions shall not relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons, nor shall such provisions protect the driver from the consequences of his reckless disregard for the safety of others. (Prior code § 16-38(d))

Section 10.66.050 Operation of other vehicles on approach of emergency vehicle.

A. Upon the immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle making use of audible and visual signals meeting the requirements of Section 10.66.030, or of a police vehicle properly and lawfully making use of an audible signal only. The driver of every other vehicle shall yield the right-of-way and shall immediately drive to a position parallel to, and as close as possible to, the

right-hand edge or curb of the roadway clear of any intersection and shall stop and remain in such position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a police officer.

B. This section shall not operate to relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons using the highway. (Prior code § 16-39)

Chapter 10.69
MOTORCYCLES

Sections:

- 10.69.010** **Seat and passengers.**
- 10.69.020** **Rider position.**
- 10.69.030** **Carrying packages.**
- 10.69.040** **Carrying passengers.**
- 10.69.050** **Full use of lane.**
- 10.69.060** **Use of lanes by motorcycles.**
- 10.69.070** **Number of motorcycles in one lane.**
- 10.69.080** **Attaching to another vehicle.**
- 10.69.090** **Footrests for passengers required.**
- 10.69.100** **Handlebar height.**
- 10.69.110** **Protective headgear required.**
- 10.69.120** **Headlamp lighting required.**
- 10.69.130** **Parade operation.**
- 10.69.140** **Standards for protective devices.**

Section 10.69.010 **Seat and passengers.**

A person operating a motorcycle shall ride only upon the permanent and regular seat attached thereto and shall not carry any other person nor shall any other person ride on a motorcycle unless the motorcycle is designed to carry more than one person, in which event a passenger may ride upon the permanent and regular seat if designed for two persons or upon another seat firmly attached to the motorcycle at the rear or side of the operator. (Prior code § 16-123(a))

Section 10.69.020 **Rider position.**

A person shall ride upon a motorcycle only while sitting astride the seat, facing forward. (Prior code § 16-123(b))

Section 10.69.030 **Carrying packages.**

No person shall operate a motorcycle while carrying any package, bundle or other article which prevents him from keeping both hands on the handlebars, or obstructs his vision, or interferes with the safe operation of the motorcycle. (Prior code § 16-123(c))

Section 10.69.040 **Carrying passengers.**

No operator shall carry any person, nor shall any person ride in a position that will interfere with the safe operation or control of the motorcycle or the view of the operator. (Prior code § 16-123(d))

Section 10.69.050 **Full use of lane.**

All motorcycles are entitled to full use of a lane and no motor vehicle shall be driven in such a manner as to deprive any motorcycle of the full use of a lane. This section shall not apply to motorcycles operated two abreast in a single lane. (Prior code § 16-123(e))

Section 10.69.060 Use of lanes by motorcycles.

A. The operator of a motorcycle shall not overtake and pass any vehicle except a single motorcycle in the same lane occupied by the vehicle being overtaken.

B. No person shall operate a motorcycle between lanes of traffic, or between adjacent lines or rows of vehicles.

C. Subsections A and B of this section shall not apply to police officers in the performance of their official duties. (Prior code § 16-123(f)--(i))

Section 10.69.070 Number of motorcycles in one lane.

Motorcycles shall not be operated more than two abreast in a single lane. (Prior code § 16-123(j))

Section 10.69.080 Attaching to another vehicle.

No person riding upon a motorcycle shall attach himself or the motorcycle to any other moving vehicle on a roadway. (Prior code § 16-123(k),(l))

Section 10.69.090 Footrests for passengers required.

Any motorcycle carrying a passenger, other than in a sidecar or enclosed cab, shall be equipped with footrests for the passenger. (Prior code § 16-123(m))

Section 10.69.100 Handlebar height.

No person shall operate any motorcycle with handlebars more than fifteen inches in height above that portion of the seat occupied by the operator. (Prior code § 16-123(n))

Section 10.69.110 Protective headgear required.

No minor shall operate or ride nor shall the operator permit a minor to ride upon a motorcycle unless he is wearing protective headgear securely fastened on his head, and of a type which complies with standards established by the Wyoming Highway Commission. This section shall not apply to persons riding within an enclosed cab nor to persons operating or riding a moped. This section shall only apply to motorcycles used on public highways, streets and thoroughfares. (Ord. 8M-83: prior code § 16-123(o))

Section 10.69.120 Headlamp lighting required.

Any person operating a motorcycle shall have the headlamps of the motorcycle activated at all times including daylight hours. (Prior code § 16-123(p))

Section 10.69.130 Parade operation.

Operators of motorcycles operating in an officially authorized parade shall be exempt from Sections 10.69.050 through 10.69.110. (Prior code § 16-123(q))

Section 10.69.140 Standards for protective devices.

The Wyoming Highway Commission is authorized to approve or disapprove protective headgear and eye-protective devices required in this chapter, and to issue and enforce regulations establishing standards and specifications for the approval thereof and to the sale and use of the equipment as provided in Section 31-5-937 through 31-5-939 of the Wyoming State Statutes for other vehicle safety equipment. The standards for protective headgear shall meet or exceed the Z90.1-1971 standard of the American National Standards Institute. However, all existing equipment meeting the Z90.1-1966 standard of the American National Standards Institute shall be accepted. (Prior code § 16-123(r))

Chapter 10.72

BICYCLES AND SCOOTERS

Sections:

10.72.009	Article I. Registration
10.72.010	Repealed.
10.72.020	Fee.
10.72.030	Expiration.
10.72.040	Repealed.
10.72.050	Repealed.
10.72.060	Tags.
10.72.070	Repealed.
10.72.080	Transfer.
10.72.090	Defacing Manufacturer's Number or License Tag.
10.72.099	Article II. Regulations
10.72.100	Riding on Sidewalks--Prohibited Where.
10.72.110	Liability for Damages.
10.72.120	Applicability.
10.72.130	Traffic Regulations Applicable.
10.72.140	Riding on Sidewalks--Yielding Right-of-Way.
10.72.150	Hands on Handlebar.
10.72.160	Manner of Riding.
10.72.170	Riding on Roadway.
10.72.180	Carrying Articles.
10.72.190	Equipment.
10.72.200	Parking.
10.72.210	Penalty for Violation.

Section 10.72.009 Article I. Registration

Any entity seeking to operate a shared program within the City shall first obtain a License from the City conditioned on compliance with the provisions of this ordinance and any other conditions and or resolution established by the issuing official. No entity shall operated a shared program within the City except pursuant to such license and provisions. (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.010 Repealed.

(Ord. No. 6-2022, Repealed, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.020 Fee.

The fee for each license required by this chapter shall be established by resolution of the City Council as per Title 1 of this code. (Prior code § 7-14)(Ord. 08a-2008, Amended, 08/19/2008) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.030 Expiration.

The license under this chapter shall be valid for one year and shall expire annually on the thirty-first day of December each year. (Prior code § 7-15) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.040 Repealed.

(Ord. No. 6-2022, Repealed, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.050 Repealed.

(Ord. No. 6-2022, Repealed, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.060 Tags.

A. The licensee shall also provide easily visible contact information including toll-free phone number, and/or email address on each shared device for members of the public and/or City staff to make relocation requests or to report other issues with devices: (Prior code § 7-18) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.070 Repealed.

(Ord. No. 6-2022, Repealed, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.080 Transfer.

Licenses shall not be transferable from one entity to another. (Prior code § 7-20) (Ord. 08a-2008, Amended, 08/19/2008) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.090 Defacing Manufacturer's Number or License Tag.

It is unlawful for any person to deface, change, replace or alter the manufacturer's numbers on any device license tag, or to substitute therefore any other number. (Prior code § 7-21) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.099 Article II. Regulations

Section 10.72.100 Riding on Sidewalks--Prohibited Where.

All persons are prohibited from riding any bicycle and/or scooter upon any sidewalk within any business or commercial area in this city. (Prior code § 7-1) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.110 Liability for Damages.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall, upon conviction thereof, be liable for all damages accruing to any person or property, and at the discretion of the municipal judge, may be punished as provided in Chapter 1.08 of this code. (Prior code § 7-2)

Section 10.72.120 Applicability.

A. It is a misdemeanor for any person to do any forbidden act or fail to perform any act required in this chapter.

B. The parent of any child and the guardian of any ward shall not authorize or knowingly permit any such child or ward to violate any of the provisions of this chapter.

C. The regulations applicable to bicycles and/or scooters shall apply whenever a bicycle and/or scooter is operated upon any highway or upon any path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles and/or scooters subject to those exceptions stated in this chapter. (Prior code § 16-393) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.130 Traffic Regulations Applicable.

Every person riding a bicycle and/or scooter upon a roadway shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the driver of a vehicle by this title, except as

to special regulations of this title and except as to those provisions of this title which by their nature can have no application. (Prior code § 16-394) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.140 Riding on Sidewalks--Yielding Right-of-Way.

- A. No person shall ride a bicycle and/or scooter upon a sidewalk within a business district.
- B. Whenever any person is riding a bicycle and/or scooter upon a sidewalk, such person shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian and shall give audible signal before overtaking and passing such pedestrian. (Prior code § 16-396) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.150 Hands on Handlebar.

No person shall ride a bicycle and/or scooter on any street without having at least one of his hands on the handlebars. (Prior code § 16-397) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.160 Manner of Riding.

- A. A person propelling a bicycle and/or scooter shall not ride other than the manner for which it is designed and equipped.
- B. No device shall be used to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped. (Prior code § 16-398) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.170 Riding on Roadway.

- A. Every person operating a bicycle and/or scooter upon a roadway shall ride as near to the right side of the roadway as practicable exercising due care when passing a standing vehicle or one proceeding in the same direction.
- B. Persons riding bicycles and/or scooters upon a roadway shall not ride more than two abreast except on paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles and/or scooters.
- C. Whenever a usable path for bicycles and/or scooters has been provided adjacent to a roadway, riders shall use the path and shall not use the roadway. (Prior code § 16-399) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.180 Carrying Articles.

No person operating a bicycle and/or scooter shall carry any package, bundle or article which prevents the driver from keeping at least one hand upon the handlebars. (Prior code § 16-400) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.190 Equipment.

- A. Every bicycle and/or scooter when in use at nighttime shall be equipped with a lamp on the front which shall emit a white light visible from a distance of at least five hundred (500) feet to the front with a red reflector on the rear which shall be visible from all distances from fifty feet to three hundred feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful upper beams of headlamps on a motor vehicle. A lamp emitting a red light visible from a distance of five hundred (500) feet to the rear may be used in addition to the red reflector.
- B. No person shall operate a bicycle and/or scooter unless it is equipped with a bell or other device capable of giving a signal audible for a distance of at least one hundred (100) feet, except that a bicycle shall not be equipped with nor shall any person use upon a bicycle any siren or whistle.
- C. Every bicycle and/or scooter shall be equipped with a brake which will enable the operator to make the braked wheels skid on dry, level, clean pavement. (Prior code § 16-401) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.200 Parking.

No person shall park a bicycle and/or scooter upon a street other than upon the roadway against the curb or upon the sidewalk in a rack to support the bicycle and/or scooter or at the curb, in such manner as to afford the least obstruction to pedestrian traffic. (Prior code § 16-402) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Section 10.72.210 Penalty for Violation.

Every person convicted of a violation of any provision of this chapter shall be fined in accordance with Chapter 1.08 of this code. (Prior code § 16-395) (Ord. No. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/2022)

Chapter 10.75

TOY VEHICLES

Sections:

10.75.010 **Use restricted.**

Section 10.75.010 **Use restricted.**

No person upon roller skates, or riding in or by means of any coaster, toy vehicle or similar device shall go upon any roadway except while crossing a street on a crosswalk and when so crossing the person shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to pedestrians. This section shall not apply upon any street while set aside as a play street as authorized in this title. (Prior code § 16-37)

Chapter 10.78
PEDESTRIANS

Sections:

- 10.78.010 Driver caution.**
- 10.78.020 Traffic-control signal compliance.**
- 10.78.030 Right-of-way in crosswalks.**
- 10.78.040 Crossing other than at crosswalk.**
- 10.78.050 Use of right half of crosswalk.**
- 10.78.060 Use of roadway.**
- 10.78.070 Standing in roadway prohibited when.**

Section 10.78.010 Driver caution.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this title, every driver of a vehicle shall exercise due care to avoid colliding with any pedestrian upon any roadway and shall give warning by sounding the horn when necessary and shall exercise proper precaution upon observing any child or any confused or incapacitated person upon a roadway. (Prior code § 16-414)

Section 10.78.020 Traffic-control signal compliance.

Pedestrians shall be subject to traffic-control signals at intersections as provided in Section 10.18.090, but at all other places pedestrians shall be accorded the privileges and shall be subject to the restrictions stated in this chapter. (Prior code § 16-415)

Section 10.78.030 Right-of-way in crosswalks.

A. When traffic-control signals are not in place or not in operation the driver of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way, slowing down or stopping if need be to so yield, to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within a crosswalk when the pedestrian is upon the half of the roadway upon which the vehicle is traveling, or when the pedestrian is approaching so closely from the opposite half of the roadway as to be in danger.

B. No pedestrian shall suddenly leave a curb or other place of safety and walk or run into the path of a vehicle which is so close that it is impossible for the driver to yield.

C. Subsection A of this section shall not apply under the conditions stated in subsection B of Section 10.78.040.

D. Whenever any vehicle is stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any unmarked crosswalk at an intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the roadway, the driver of any other vehicle approaching from the rear shall not overtake and pass the stopped vehicle. (Prior code § 16-416)

Section 10.78.040 Crossing other than at crosswalk.

A. Every pedestrian crossing a roadway at any point other than within a marked crosswalk or within an unmarked crosswalk at an intersection shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles upon the roadway.

B. Any pedestrian crossing a roadway at a point where a pedestrian tunnel or overhead pedestrian crossing has been provided shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles upon the roadway.

C. Between adjacent intersections at which traffic-control signals are in operation pedestrians shall not cross at any place except in a marked crosswalk. (Prior code § 16-417)

Section 10.78.050 Use of right half of crosswalk.

Pedestrians shall move, whenever practicable, upon the right half of crosswalks. (Prior code § 16-418)

Section 10.78.060 Use of roadway.

A. Where sidewalks are provided it is unlawful for any pedestrian to walk along and upon an adjacent roadway.

B. Where sidewalks are not provided any pedestrian walking along and upon a highway shall, when practicable, walk only on the left side of the roadway or its shoulder facing traffic which may approach from the opposite direction. (Prior code § 16-419)

Section 10.78.070 Standing in roadway prohibited when.

A. No person shall stand on a highway for the purpose of soliciting a ride, employment or business from the occupant of any vehicle.

B. No persons shall stand on or in proximity to a street or highway for the purpose of soliciting the watching or guarding of any vehicle while parked or about to be parked on a street or highway. (Prior code § 16-420)

Chapter 10.81

EMERGENCY SNOW REMOVAL ROUTE

Sections:

- 10.81.010** Definitions.
- 10.81.020** Parking on snow emergency routes.
- 10.81.030** Declarations of the manager.
- 10.81.040** Termination of parking prohibition by the manager.
- 10.81.050** Provisions temporarily effective to take precedence.
- 10.81.060** Signs to mark snow emergency routes.
- 10.81.070** Notification of owners.
- 10.81.080** Removal, impounding and return of vehicles.
- 10.81.090** Citation on vehicle parked or left in violation of this chapter.
- 10.81.100** Failure to comply with traffic citation attached to vehicle.
- 10.81.110** Evidence with respect to vehicles parked or left in violation of chapter.
- 10.81.120** Snow emergency routes designated by resolution.
- 10.81.130** Penalties.

Section 10.81.010 Definitions.

The following definitions shall apply in the interpretation and enforcement of this chapter:

- A. The "manager" is the city manager or, in his absence, the duly designated and acting representative.
- B. "Roadway" means that portion of a street or highway improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder.
- C. "Snow emergency routes" are those streets marked as such in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
- D. "Street" or "highway" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way publicly maintained when any part thereof is open to the use of the public for purposes of vehicular travel. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.020 Parking on snow emergency routes.

- A. Whenever the manager finds that there is an accumulation of four to six inches of snow or existing conditions or predicted conditions, accompanied by more snow actually falling or anticipated by the weather service, which weather conditions will make it necessary that motor vehicle traffic be expedited and that parking on city streets be prohibited for snowplowing and other purposes, the manager shall put into effect a parking prohibition on the snow emergency route by declaring it in a manner prescribed by this chapter.
- B. Once in effect, a prohibition under this section shall remain in effect until terminated by announcement of the manager in accordance with this chapter. While the prohibition is in effect, no person shall park or allow to remain parked any vehicle or trailer on any portion of a snow emergency route to which it applies. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to permit parking at any time or place where it is forbidden by any other provision by law. (Ord. 2B-84 (part); Ord. 01-2018 1/2/2018)

Section 10.81.025 Street closures and travel advisories.

- A. To ensure the safety of our snow removal crews, the public and to more effectively remove snow accumulation or whenever conditions are such, the city may partially or completely close sections of the road to facilitate snow removal operations.
- B. The city may also issue travel advisories within the city boundaries to alert motorists

of existing conditions, or to limit traffic in certain areas due to the present or expected conditions. These advisories will be at the discretion of the Rawlins Police Department in cooperation with the Public Works Department or Operations Manager. (Ord. 01-2018 1/2/2018)

Section 10.81.030 Declarations of the manager.

A. The manager shall cause each declaration made by him/her pursuant to this chapter to be publicly announced by means of notification to area radio stations, city social media, and Code Red, and shall cause such declaration to be further announced in the Rawlins Daily Times as soon as possible. (Ord. 2B-84 (part); Ord. 01-2018 1/2/2018)

Section 10.81.040 Termination of parking prohibition by the manager.

Whenever the manager finds that the conditions which give rise to a parking prohibitions in effect pursuant to this chapter no longer exist, he may declare the prohibition terminated, in a manner prescribed in this chapter, effective immediately upon announcement. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.050 Provisions temporarily effective to take precedence.

Any provision of this chapter which becomes effective by declaration of the manager shall, while temporarily in effect, take precedence over other conflicting provisions of law normally in effect; except that it shall not take precedence over provisions of law relating to traffic accidents, emergency travel of authorized emergency vehicles, or emergency traffic directions by a police officer. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.060 Signs to mark snow emergency routes.

On each street designated by this chapter as a snow emergency route, the manager shall post special signs with the wording "Snow Emergency Route. No Parking During Emergency." These signs shall be distinctive and uniform in appearance and shall be plainly readable to persons traveling on the street and highway. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.070 Notification of owners.

Whenever an emergency is declared, and the declaration occurs between seven a.m. and ten p.m., the police shall immediately attempt to telephone the owners of vehicles parked on emergency routes when their identities can be determined. When the emergency is declared between the hours of ten p.m. and seven a.m. notification and removal of vehicles shall begin at seven a.m. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.080 Removal, impounding and return of vehicles.

A. Members of the police department are authorized to remove or have removed a vehicle from a street to the nearest garage or other place of safety (including another place on a street), or to a facility designed or maintained by the police department, or otherwise maintained by this city, when:

1. The vehicle is parked on a part of a snow emergency route on which a parking prohibition is in effect;
2. The vehicle is parked in violation of any parking ordinance or provision of law and is interfering or about to interfere with snow removal operations.

B. Whenever an officer removes or has removed a vehicle from a street as authorized in this

section and the officer knows or is able to ascertain the name and address of the owner thereof, the officer shall immediately give or cause to be given notice in writing to the owner of the fact of the removal and the reasons therefor and of the place to which the vehicle has been removed. In the event any such vehicle is stored in a public garage, a copy of the notice shall be given to the proprietor of the garage.

C. Whenever an officer removes or has removed a vehicle from a street under this section and does not know and is not able to ascertain the name of the owner, or for any other reason is unable to give the notice to the owner as provided in subsection D of this section, and in the event the vehicle is not returned to the owner within a period of three days, then and in that event the officer shall immediately send or cause to be sent a written report of such removal by mail to the state department whose duty it is to register motor vehicles, and shall file a copy of the notice with the proprietor of any public garage to which removed, the reasons for the removal, and the name of the garage or place where the vehicle is stored.

D. No person shall remove any vehicle removed in accordance with this section except as provided in this chapter. Before the owner or person in charge of the vehicle shall be allowed to recover it from the place where it has been placed or impounded, he shall present to a member of the police department evidence of his identity and right to possession of the vehicle and shall sign a receipt for its return.

E. It is the duty of the police department to keep a record of each vehicle removed in accordance with this section. The record shall include a description of the vehicle, its license number, the date and time of its removal, where it was removed from, its location, the name and address of its owner and last operator, if known, its final disposition, and the parking violation involved.

F. This section shall be supplemental to any other provisions of law granting members of the police department authority to remove vehicles. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.090 Citation on vehicle parked or left in violation of this chapter.

Whenever any motor vehicle without a driver is found parked or left in violation of any provision of this chapter and is not removed and impounded as provided for in this chapter, the officer finding the vehicle shall take the registration number and any other information displayed on the vehicle which may identify its user, and shall conspicuously affix to the vehicle a traffic citation for the driver to answer to the charge against him at a place specified in the citation. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.100 Failure to comply with traffic citation attached to vehicle.

If a violation of this chapter does not appear in response to the traffic citation affixed to the motor vehicle in accordance with this chapter, the clerk of city court shall send the owner of the motor vehicle to which the traffic citation was affixed a letter informing him of the violation and warning him that in the event the letter is disregarded a warrant of arrest will be issued. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.110 Evidence with respect to vehicles parked or left in violation of chapter.

In any prosecution with regard to a vehicle parked or left in place or in a condition in violation of any provision of this chapter, proof that the particular vehicle described in the complaint was parked or left in violation of a provision of this chapter, together with proof that the defendant named in the complaint was at the time registered owner of such vehicle, shall constitute prima facie evidence that the defendant was the person who parked or left the vehicle in violation of this

chapter. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.120 Snow emergency routes designated by resolution.

The city council shall designate by resolution such streets or portions of streets within the city as snow emergency routes subject to this chapter. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Section 10.81.130 Penalties.

Violation of any provision of this chapter is unlawful and punishable by the general penalty provisions of this code. (Ord. 2B-84 (part))

Chapter 10.82

MOTORIZED TRANSPORTATION

Sections:

- 10.82.010** **DEFINITIONS**
- 10.82.020** **PROHIBITED OPERATION**

Section 10.82.010 **DEFINITIONS**

“Motorized transportation device” means a pocket bike, mini moto golf cart or any other device that is self-propelled by a motor or engine, gas or electric, and which is not otherwise defined in Wyoming Statute 31-1-101 as a "motor vehicle," and does not include "motorized wheelchair," "electric personal assistive mobility device," "motorized toy" or "home owner maintenance equipment."

“Off-road recreational vehicle” means a recreational motorized vehicle licensed or unlicensed primarily designed for off-road use designed to be ridden astride upon a seat or saddle including but not limited to three wheelers, four wheelers, snow machines and off road motorcycles.

“Motorized Wheelchair" or "Electric personal assistive mobility device” means any self-propelled conveyance designed, manufactured and intended for the exclusive use of persons with a physical disability.

"Motorized Toy" means any self-propelled toy with an electric motor designed to be ridden by a child and operated on a sidewalk, walking path or private property.

"Homeowner maintenance equipment" means self-propelled lawn mowers, garden tractors, snow removal and other self-propelled equipment use for home maintenance and being used for that purpose.

(10a-2006, Amended, 10/03/2006)

Section 10.82.020 **PROHIBITED OPERATION**

A. No motorized transportation device or off road vehicle may be operated on any private property of another within the city, without permission of the owner, the person entitled to immediate possession of the property, or the authorized agent of either.

B. No person shall operate a motorized transportation device or off road vehicle within one half mile of the city limits or within the city on any private or public property in a manner causing excessive, unnecessary, or offensive dust, noise or other condition which disturbs the peace and quiet of any neighborhood . (10a-2006, Amended, 10/03/2006)(Ord. 6-2022, Amended, 6/14/22022)